# HE WHO ENDURES TO THE END Part 2 Be Perfect?

"Unless otherwise indicated, all Scripture quotations are from The King James Version (KJV)

Some passages appear more than once in order to cover various key points.

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The King James Version is still loved and well received; however, for all its poetic style the Archaic English may limit understanding; and it has to do with more than just the Thees and Thous. What's more, if there is a time when we are desperately in need of understanding, it's now.

*Strong's Exhaustive Concordance of the Bible* may not be the most comprehensive study aid; however, to help us grasp what the Archaic English of the *King James Version* of the Bible is trying to convey, a much larger selection of Strong's Hebrew and Greek words are included in this study.

Hebrew and Greek word meanings, and definitions, for selected words in <u>red</u>, are included from the *Strong's Exhaustive Concordance of the Bible*, unless otherwise stated.

Single words in <u>blue</u> are words that were previously defined within the study. A list of all the Strong's definitions used in the body of the study, along with page numbers where the words can be found, is provided at the end of the study.

For words in **black** that are followed by a Strong's number, an alphabetized list of Strong's definitions for these words is provided at the end of the study. The first mention of these words will have a link to their word meanings and another link back to your last location.

In addition, partial information from *Thayer's Greek Lexicon* and simple dictionary definitions for a number of words are also included. There are also links to *Thayer's Greek Lexicon*, by way of *blueletterbible.org*.

If you prefer to do a Search for a Word or Strong's number and need instructions on how to do so go to:

How to Search for a Word on a Web Page or How to Search for a Word in a PDF?

# For the Record

The majority of us do not know for certain the name of the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob. And those that do are bent on keeping it a secret from the rest of us. As a result, there are many renderings of God's name such as *Yahweh*, *Yahuah*, *Yehovah* and *Yehowah*, to name a few. So for this study, I will occasionally use the shortened poetic form of God's name which is **YAH**. On this name, most of us are in agreement.

This shortened form appears in the Hebrew Bible over 40 times. The name **YAH** is also found in the construct word "hallelu-**YAH**."

In addition, the shortened form of Christ's (Messiah's) Hebrew name, which is **Yeshua**, will be used in this study instead of Jesus for the following reason.

Strong's Exhaustive Concordance of the Bible tells us the following.

The English name *Jesus* is derived from the Greek word lesoûs, ee-ay-sooce'.

**2424** – Ἰησοῦς lēsoûs, ee-ay-sooce'; of Hebrew origin (3091); Jesus (i.e. Jehoshua), the name of our Lord and two (three) other Israelites: — (Translated in King James Version as) Jesus.

Jehoshua in Hebrew is:

**3091 – יְהוֹשֵׁוּעֵ Y<sup>e</sup>hôwshûwa'**, yeh-ho-shoo'-ah; or יְהוֹשֵׁעַ Y<sup>e</sup>hôwshu'a; from 3068 and 3467; <mark>Jehovah-saved; Jehoshua (i.e. Joshua), the Jewish leader: — (Translated in King James Version as) Jehoshua, Jehoshuah, Joshua.</mark>

Jehovah in Hebrew is:

**3068** – יְהֹוָה <mark>Y<sup>c</sup>hôvâh</mark>, yeh-ho-vaw'; from 1961; (the) self-Existent or Eternal; Jeho-vah, Jewish national name of God:— (Translated in King James Version as) Jehovah, the Lord.

**1961** - אָרָה hâyâh, haw-yaw; a primitive root (compare 1933); to exist, i.e. be or become, come to pass (always emphatic, and not a mere copula or auxiliary):— (Translated in King James Version as) beacon, × altogether, be(-come), accomplished, committed, like), break, cause, come (to pass), do, faint, fall, follow, happen, × have, last, pertain, quit (one-) self, require, × use

And finally, one of the words for *salvation* in Hebrew is <u>Yeshua</u>!

Save/Salvation 3444 – יְשׁוּעָה yeshûw'âh, yesh-oo'-aw; feminine passive participle of 3467; something saved, i.e. (abstractly) deliverance; hence, aid, victory, prosperity:— (Translated in King James Version as) deliverance, health, help(-ing), salvation, save, saving (health), welfare.

**3467** – שָׁשָׁע yâsha', yaw-shah'; a primitive root; properly, to be open, wide or free, i.e. (by implication) to be safe; causatively, to free or succor:— (Translated in King James Version as) × at all, avenging, defend, deliver(-er), help, preserve, rescue, be safe, bring (having) salvation, save(-iour), get victory.

The name **y<sup>e</sup>shûw'âh**, yesh-oo'-aw was translated in the King James Version (KJV) 78 times as follows:

Salvation (65x), help (4x), deliverance (3x), health (3x), save (1x), saving (1x), welfare (1x).

Here is just one example of YAH and Yeshua.

Psalm 118:14

"The Lord (Yah <sup>(3050)</sup>) is my strength and song, and is become my salvation." (Yeshua <sup>(3444)</sup>) (KJV)

Lord 3050 - 7 Yâhh, yaw; contraction for 3068, and meaning the same; Jah, the sacred name:— (Translated in King James Version as) Jah, the Lord, most vehement.

This study only covers a few things. And even then, it's not exhaustive. Please pray and ask for guidance as you study the Word of God for yourself.

I respectfully suggest that you not rely on others to instruct you. At best, you will never rise above their level of understanding. And at worse, you could be misled and deceived.

It is the Holy Spirit who will guide you into all truth.

"Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, *that* shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come." (John 16:13, KJV)

Because of the size of this study, if the Father allows, it will be presented in five parts.

Part 1 – Endurance Part 2 – Be Perfect? Part 3 – The Promises Part 4 – Trust Part 5 – The Fear Factor

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# **Be Ye Therefore Perfect**

#### Genesis 6:5-9

"And GOD <sup>(3068)</sup> saw that the wickedness <sup>(7451)</sup> of man *was* great in the earth, and *that* every imagination <sup>(3336)</sup> of the thoughts <sup>(4284)</sup> of his heart *was* only evil <sup>(7451)</sup> continually.

<sup>6</sup> And it repented <sup>(5162)</sup> the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> that he had made man on the earth, and it grieved him at his heart.

<sup>7</sup> And the LORD said, I will destroy <sup>(4229)</sup> man whom I have created from the face of the earth; both man, and beast, and the creeping thing, and the fowls of the air; for it repenteth <sup>(5162)</sup> me that I have made them.

<sup>8</sup> But Noah found grace <sup>(2580)</sup> in the eyes of the LORD. <sup>(3068)</sup>

<sup>9</sup> These *are* the generations <sup>(8435)</sup> of Noah: <u>Noah was a just man *and* perfect <sup>(8549)</sup> in his generations</u>, <sup>(1755)</sup> *and* Noah walked <sup>(1980)</sup> with God." <sup>(430)</sup> (KJV)

**Evil, Wickedness 7451** – דְעָ, *ra*', *rah;* from 7489; bad or (as noun) evil (natural or moral):— (Translated in King James Version as) adversity, affliction, bad, calamity, + displease(-ure), distress, evil((-favouredness), man, thing), + exceedingly, x great, grief(-vous), harm, heavy, hurt(-ful), ill (favoured), + mark, mischief(-vous), misery, naught(-ty), noisome, + not please, sad(-ly), sore, sorrow, trouble, vex, wicked(-ly, -ness, one), worse(-st), wretchedness, wrong. (Incl. feminine raaah; as adjective or noun.).

**7489** – רָעָע ra'a', *raw-ah';* a primitive root; properly, to spoil (literally, by breaking to pieces); figuratively, to make (or be) good for nothing, i.e. bad (physically, socially or morally):— (Translated in King James Version as)afflict, associate selves (by mistake for 7462), break (down, in pieces), + displease, (be, bring, do) evil (doer, entreat, man), show self friendly (by mistake for 7462), do harm, (do) hurt, (behave self, deal) ill, x indeed, do mischief, punish, still, vex, (do) wicked (doer, -ly), be (deal, do) worse.

**Generations 1755** – דוֹד dowr, *dore;* or (shortened) אר לסיד dor, *dore;* from 1752; properly, a revolution of time, i.e. an age or generation; also a dwelling: — (Translated in King James Version as) age, x evermore, generation, (n-) ever, posterity.

**Generations 8435** – הּלְדָה towldah, to-led-aw'; or הְלְדָה toldah, to-led-aw'; from 3205; (plural only) descent, i.e. family; (figuratively) history: — (Translated in King James Version as) birth, generations.

<u>God</u> 430 – אָלְהִים 'elohiym, el-o-heem'; plural of 433; gods in the ordinary sense; but specifically used (in the plural thus, especially with the article) of the supreme God; occasionally applied by way of deference to magistrates; and sometimes as a superlative:— (Translated in King James Version as) angels, x exceeding, God (gods)(-dess, -ly), x (very) great, judges, x mighty.

**GOD, LORD 3068** – יְהָוָה Yhwh; Y<sup>e</sup>hôvâh, yeh-ho-vaw'; from 1961; (the) self-Existent or Eternal; name of God: — (Translated in King James Version as) Jehovah, the Lord.

1961 – אָיָה hayah, haw-yaw; a primitive root (compare 1933); to exist, i.e. be or become, come to pass (always emphatic, and not a mere copula or auxiliary):— (Translated in King James Version as) beacon, x altogether, be(-come), accomplished, committed, like), break, cause, come (to pass), do, faint, fall, + follow, happen, x have, last, pertain, quit (one-)self, require, x use.

**Grace 2580** – <u>ה</u> chen, *khane;* from 2603; graciousness, i.e. subjective (kindness, favor) or objective (beauty):— (Translated in King James Version as) favour, grace(-ious), pleasant, precious, (well-)favoured.

**2603** – אָבָן chanan, *khaw-nan';* a primitive root (compare 2583); properly, to bend or stoop in kindness to an inferior; to favor, bestow; causatively to implore (i.e. move to favor by petition):— (Translated in King James Version as) beseech, x fair, (be, find, shew) favour(-able), be (deal, give, grant (gracious(-ly), intreat, (be) merciful, have (shew) mercy (on, upon), have pity upon, pray, make supplication, x very.

**Imagination 3336** – יישר yetser, yay'-tser; from 3335; a form; figuratively, conception (i.e. purpose):— (Translated in King James Version as) frame, thing framed, imagination, mind, work.

**3335** – יָצָר yatsar, yaw-tsar'; probably identical with 3334 (through the squeezing into shape); ((compare 3331)); to mould into a form; especially as a potter; figuratively, to determine (i.e. form a resolution):— (Translated in King James Version as) x earthen, fashion, form, frame, make(-r), potter, purpose.

LORD 3068 – refer to GOD, LORD 3068

**Perfect, without blemish, without spot 8549** – הָאָמִים, tamiym, taw-meem'; from 8552; entire (literally, figuratively or morally); also (as noun) integrity, truth: – (Translated in King James Version as) without blemish, complete, full, perfect, sincerely (-ity), sound, without spot, undefiled, upright(-ly), whole.

**8552** – תַּמָם tamam, taw-mam'; a primitive root; to complete, in a good or a bad sense, literal, or figurative, transitive or intransitive (as follows):— (Translated in King James Version as) accomplish, cease, be clean (pass-)ed, consume, have done, (come to an, have an, make an) end, fail, come to the full, be all gone, x be all here, be (make) perfect, be spent, sum, be (shew self) upright, be wasted, whole.

**Repented, Repenteth 5162** – translated in King James Version as) comfort (self), ease (one's self), rue; or (unfavorably) to avenge (oneself):— (Translated in King James Version as) comfort (self), ease (one's self), repent(-er,-ing, self).

Rue - to feel sorrow, repentance, or regret

Thoughts 4284 – אַהָּשֶׁבָּה machashabah, makh-ash-aw-baw'; or אַהָּשֶׁבָּה machashebeth, makh-ash-eh'beth; from 2803; a contrivance, i.e. (concretely) a texture, machine, or (abstractly) intention, plan (whether bad, a plot; or good, advice):— (Translated in King James Version as) cunning (work), curious work, device(-sed), imagination, invented, means, purpose, thought.

Wickedness 7451 – refer to Evil, Wickedness 7451

 Genesis 6:9 – According to some, the Hebrew word *Tamim*, translated in this verse as "perfect," means Noah's genetics (DNA) was perfect (pure); then they point us to examples like the following.

Regarding the Passover Lamb

#### Exodus 12:3-5

"Speak ye unto all the congregation of Israel, saying, In the tenth *day* of this month they shall take to them every man a lamb, according to the house of *their* fathers, a lamb for an house:

<sup>4</sup> And if the household be too little for the lamb, let him and his neighbour next unto his house take *it* according to the number of the souls; every man according to his eating shall make your count for the lamb.

<sup>5</sup> <u>Your lamb shall be without blemish</u>, <sup>(8549)</sup> a male of the first year: ye shall take *it* out from the sheep, or from the goats:" (KJV)

Other sacrifices were also required to be "without blemish" and "without spot."

# Number 6:13-14

"And this *is* the law of the Nazarite, when the days of his separation are fulfilled: he shall be brought unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation:

<sup>14</sup> And he shall offer his offering unto the LORD,<sup>(3068)</sup> one he lamb of the first year without blemish for a burnt offering, and **one ewe lamb of the first year without blemish**<sup>(8549)</sup> for a sin offering, and one ram without blemish<sup>(8549)</sup> for peace offerings," (KJV)

# Numbers 29:35-36

"On the eighth day ye shall have a solemn assembly: ye shall do no servile work *therein*: <sup>36</sup> But ye shall offer a burnt offering, a sacrifice made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the LORD: <sup>(3068)</sup> one bullock, one ram, seven lambs of the first year without blemish:" <sup>(8549)</sup> (KJV)

# Numbers 19:1-2

"And the LORD (3068) spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying,

<sup>2</sup> This *is* the ordinance of the law which the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> hath commanded, saying, Speak unto the children of Israel, that they bring thee **a red heifer without spot**, <sup>(8549)</sup> wherein *is* **no blemish**, <sup>(3971)</sup> *and* **upon which never came yoke**:" (KJV)

• On the flip side, there are those who believe the Hebrew word *Tamim* means that Noah was "perfect" because he was upright.

*Tamim* is translated in the King James Version (KJV) as follows.

Without blemish (44x), perfect (18), upright (8x), without spot (6x), uprightly (4x), whole (4x), sincerely (2x), complete (1x), full (1x), *miscellaneous* (3x).

Following is a sampling of these.

# Perfect (Tamim)

# Deuteronomy 32:1-5

"Give ear, O ye heavens, and I will speak; and hear, O earth, the words of my mouth. <sup>2</sup> My doctrine shall drop as the rain, my speech shall distil as the dew, as the small rain upon the tender herb, and as the showers upon the grass:

 $^3$  Because I will publish  $^{(7121)}$  the name of the LORD:  $^{(3068)}$  ascribe ye greatness  $^{(\underline{1433})}$  unto our God.  $^{(\underline{410})}$ 

<sup>4</sup> *He is* the Rock,  $\frac{(6697)}{(530)}$  his work  $\frac{(6467)}{(5766)}$  is perfect:  $\frac{(8549)}{(6662)}$  for all his ways  $\frac{(1870)}{are judgment}$ :  $\frac{(4941)}{(4941)}$  a God of truth  $\frac{(530)}{(530)}$  and without iniquity,  $\frac{(5766)}{(5766)}$  just  $\frac{(6662)}{(6662)}$  and right  $\frac{(3477)}{is}$  is he.

<sup>5</sup> They have corrupted <sup>(7843)</sup> themselves, their spot <sup>(3971)</sup> is not the spot of his children: they are a perverse <sup>(6141)</sup> and crooked <sup>(6618)</sup> generation." <sup>(1755)</sup> (KJV)

• Deuteronomy 32:5 in the English Standard Version (ESV)

#### Deuteronomy 32:5

"They have dealt corruptly  $^{(7843)}$  with him; they are no longer his children because they are blemished;  $^{(3971)}$  they are a crooked  $^{(6618)}$  and twisted  $^{(6141)}$  generation."  $^{(1755)}$  (ESV)

• **Deuteronomy 32:5** – Reminds me of Acts 2:40.

#### Acts 2:38-40

"Then Peter said unto them, <u>Repent</u>, <sup>(3340)</sup> and be baptized <sup>(907)</sup> every one of you in the name <sup>(3686)</sup> of Jesus <sup>(2424)</sup> Christ <sup>(5547)</sup> for the remission <sup>(859)</sup> of sins, <sup>(266)</sup> and ye shall receive the gift <sup>(1431)</sup> of the Holy <sup>(40)</sup> Ghost. <sup>(4151)</sup>

<sup>39</sup> For the promise <sup>(1860)</sup> is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, *even* as many as the Lord <sup>(2962)</sup> our God <sup>(2316)</sup> shall call. <sup>(4341)</sup>

<sup>40</sup> And with many other words did he testify <sup>(1263)</sup> and exhort, <sup>(3870)</sup> saying, <u>Save</u> vourselves <sup>(4982)</sup> from this untoward <sup>(4646)</sup> generation." (KJV)

• Acts 2:40 in the New King James Version (NKJV)

#### Acts 2: 40

"And with many other words he testified <sup>(1263)</sup> and exhorted <sup>(3870)</sup> them, saying, "**Be saved** <sup>(4982)</sup> from this perverse <sup>(4646)</sup> generation." (NKJV)

**Baptized, Baptizing 907** –  $\beta \alpha \pi \tau i \zeta \omega$  baptizo, *bap-tid'-zo;* from a derivative of 911; to immerse, submerge; to make whelmed (i.e. fully wet); used only (in the New Testament) of ceremonial ablution, especially (technically) of the ordinance of Christian baptism: — (Translated in King James Version as) Baptist, baptize, wash.

**Blemish, Spot 3971** – מאום m'uwm, moom; usually מום muwm, moom; as if passive participle from an unused root probably meaning to stain; a blemish (physically or morally):– (Translated in King James Version as) blemish, blot, spot.

**Call 4341** – **προσκαλέομαι proskaleomai,** *pros-kal-eh'-om-ahee;* middle voice from 4314 and 2564; to call toward oneself, i.e. summon, invite: — (Translated in King James Version as) call (for, to, unto).

**Christ 5547** – **Χριστός Christos**, *khris-tos*'; from 5548; anointed, i.e. the Messiah, an epithet of Jesus: — (Translated in King James Version as) Christ.

**5548** – **χρίω chrio**, *khree* '-o; probably akin to 5530 through the idea of contact; to smear or rub with oil, i.e. (by implication) to consecrate to an office or religious service: — (Translated in King James Version as) anoint.

**Corrupted, Corruptly 7843** – שָׁחַת shachath, *shaw-khath';* a primitive root; to decay, i.e. (causatively) ruin (literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) batter, cast off, corrupt(-er, thing), destroy(-er, -uction), lose, mar, perish, spill, spoiler, x utterly, waste(-r).

**Crooked 6618 – פְּתַלְתֹּל pthaltol,** *peth-al-tole';* from 6617; tortuous (i.e. crafty):— (Translated in King James Version as) crooked.

**6617 – פְּתַל** pathal, *paw-thal';* a primitive root; to twine, i.e. (literally) to struggle or (figuratively) be (morally) tortuous: — (Translated in King James Version as) (shew self) froward, shew self unsavoury, wrestle.

Tortuous - not direct or straightforward; twisted, winding, or crooked

**Exhort 3870** –  $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha\kappa\alpha\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$  parakaleo, *par-ak-al-eh'-o;* from 3844 and 2564; to call near, i.e. invite, invoke (by imploration, hortation or consolation): — (Translated in King James Version as) beseech, call for, (be of good) comfort, desire, (give) exhort (-ation), intreat, pray.

**Ghost 4151** –  $\pi\nu\epsilon\tilde{\nu}\mu\alpha$  pneuma, *pnyoo'-mah*; from 4154; a current of air, i.e. breath (blast) or a breeze; by analogy or figuratively, a spirit, i.e. (human) the rational soul, (by implication) vital principle, mental disposition, etc., or (superhuman) an angel, demon, or (divine) God, Christ's spirit, the Holy Spirit: — (Translated in King James Version as) ghost, life, spirit(-ual, -ually), mind.

**Gift 1431** – δωρεά dorea, *do-reh-ah';* from 1435; a gratuity: — (Translated in King James Version as) gift.

**1435** –  $\delta \tilde{\omega} \rho o v$  doron, *do'-ron;* a present; specially, a sacrifice: — (Translated in King James Version as) gift, offering.

Gratuity - something given, over and above compensation due for service

**God 2316** –  $\theta \epsilon \delta \varsigma$  theos, theh'-os; of uncertain affinity; a deity, especially (with 3588) the supreme Divinity; figuratively, a magistrate; by Hebraism, very: — (Translated in King James Version as) x exceeding, God, god(-ly, -ward).

**Holy 40** – ἄγιος hagios, hag'-ee-os; from ἄγος hagos (an awful thing) (compare 53, 2282); sacred (physically, pure, morally blameless or religious, ceremonially, consecrated): – (Translated in King James Version as) (most) holy (one, thing), saint.

**Iniquity 5766 – עַ**וְּלָה (avel, *eh'-vel;* or עָּ (avel, *aw'-vel;* and (feminine) עַוָּלָה (avlah, *av-law';* or 'owlah, *o-law';* or 'olah, *o-law';* from 5765; (moral) evil:— (Translated in King James Version as) iniquity, perverseness, unjust(-ly), unrighteousness(-ly); wicked(-ness).

Jesus 2424 –  $\Pi \sigma \sigma \tilde{v} \varsigma$  lēsoûs, ee-ay-sooce'; of Hebrew origin (3091); Jesus (i.e. Jehoshua), the name of our Lord and two (three) other Israelites: — (Translated in King James Version as) Jesus.

Judgment 4941 – unishpat, mishpat, mish-pawt'; from 8199; properly, a verdict (favorable or unfavorable) pronounced judicially, especially a sentence or formal decree (human or (participant's) divine law, individual or collective), including the act, the place, the suit, the crime, and the penalty; abstractly, justice, including a participant's right or privilege (statutory

or customary), or even a style:— (Translated in King James Version as) + adversary, ceremony, charge, x crime, custom, desert, determination, discretion, disposing, due, fashion, form, to be judged, judgment, just(-ice, -ly), (manner of) law(-ful), manner, measure, (due) order, ordinance, right, sentence, usest, x worthy, + wrong.

**Just 6662 – צִדִיק tsaddiyq,** *tsad-deek';* from 6663; just: — (Translated in King James Version as) just, lawful, righteous (man).

**6663** – אָדָק tsadaq, tsaw-dak'; a primitive root; to be (causatively, make) right (in a moral or forensic sense): – (Translated in King James Version as) cleanse, clear self, (be, do) just(-ice, - ify, -ify self), (be turn to) righteous(-ness).

Lord 2962 – κύριος kurios, *koo´-ree-os;* from κῦρος kuros (supremacy); supreme in authority, i.e. (as noun) controller; by implication, Master (as a respectful title): — (Translated in King James Version as) God, Lord, master, Sir.

Name 3686 – ὄνομα onoma, on'-om-ah; from a presumed derivative of the base of 1097 (compare 3685); a "name" (literally or figuratively) (authority, character): — (Translated in King James Version as) called, (+ sur-)name(-d).

<u>**Thayer's Greek Lexicon</u> 3686** – the *name* by which a person or a thing is called, and distinguished from others;</u>

- 1. universally: of proper names;
- 2. By a usage chiefly Hebraistic the name is used for everything which the name covers, everything the thought or feeling of which is roused in the mind by mentioning, hearing, remembering, the name, i.e. for one's rank, authority, interests, pleasure, command, excellences, deeds, etc.; by baptism to bind anyone to recognize and publicly acknowledge the dignity and authority of one, i.e. by one's command and authority, acting on his behalf, promoting his, of the Messiah, , of his own free-will and authority...

**Perverse, Twisted 6141 – עַקַּשׁ 'iqqesh,** *ik-kashe';* from 6140; distorted; hence, false:— (Translated in King James Version as) crooked, froward, perverse.

**6140** – אָקָשׁ 'aqash, aw-kash'; a primitive root; to knot or distort; figuratively, to pervert (act or declare perverse):— (Translated in King James Version as) make crooked, (prove, that is) perverse(-rt).

**Promise 1860** – ἐπαγγελία epaggelia, *ep-ang-el-ee´-ah*; from 1861; an announcement (for information, assent or pledge; especially a divine assurance of good): — (Translated in King James Version as) message, promise.

**Publish 7121** – קרא qara', *kaw-raw'*; a primitive root (rather identical with 7122 through the idea of accosting a person met); to call out to (i.e. properly, address by name, but used in a wide variety of applications):— (Translated in King James Version as) bewray (self), that are bidden, call (for, forth, self, upon), cry (unto), (be) famous, guest, invite, mention, (give) name, preach, (make) proclaim(-ation), pronounce, publish, read, renowned, say.

**Remission 859** – ἄφεσις aphesis, *af´-es-is;* from 863; freedom; (figuratively) pardon: — (Translated in King James Version as) deliverance, forgiveness, liberty, remission.

**Repent 3340** – μετανοέω metanoeo, met-an-o-eh´-o; from 3326 and 3539; to think differently or afterwards, i.e. reconsider (morally, feel compunction): — (Translated in King James Version as) repent.

#### Thayer's Greek Lexicon 3340 -

- to change one's mind, i.e. to repent (to feel sorry that one has done this or that, of having offended someone, of (on account of);
- used especially of those who, conscious of their sins and with manifest tokens of sorrow, are intent; on obtaining God's pardon;
- to repent, clothed in sackcloth and besprinkled with ashes,
- to change one's mind for the better, heartily to amend with abhorrence of one's past sins:, i.e. conduct worthy of a heart changed and abhorring sin); expresses mental direction, to withdraw or turn one's soul from, etc.

**Save (self) 4982** – σώζω sozo, sode´-zo; from a primary σῶς sos (contraction for obsolete σάος saos, "safe"); to save, i.e. deliver or protect (literally or figuratively): — (Translated in King James Version as) heal, preserve, save (self), do well, be (make) whole.

Sin 266 – ἀμαρτία hamartia, ham-ar-tee´-ah; from 264; a sin (properly abstract): — (Translated in King James Version as) offence, sin(-ful).

**264** – ἀμαρτάνω hamartano, ham-ar-tan'-o; perhaps from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 3313; properly, to miss the mark (and so not share in the prize), i.e. (figuratively) to err, especially (morally) to sin: — (Translated in King James Version as) for your faults, offend, sin, trespass.

**Spot 3971** – see Blemish, Spot 3971

**Testify 1263** – διαμαρτύρομαι diamarturomai, *dee-am-ar-too'-rom-ahee;* from 1223 and 3140; to attest or protest earnestly, or (by implication) hortatively: — (Translated in King James Version as) charge, testify (unto), witness.

Truth 530 – אָמוּנָה 'emuwnah, em-oo-naw'); or (shortened) אָמוּנָה 'emunah, em-oo-naw'} feminine of 529; literally firmness; figuratively security; morally fidelity: — (Translated in King James Version as) faith(-ful, -ly, -ness, (man)), set office, stability, steady, truly, truth, verily.

Twisted 6141 – refer to Perverse, Twisted 6141

**Untoward 4646** – σκολιός skolios, *skol-ee-os'*; from the base of 4628; warped, i.e. winding; figuratively, perverse: — (Translated in King James Version as) crooked, froward, untoward.

Ways 1870 – דָרָה derek, deh'-rek; from 1869; a road (as trodden); figuratively, a course of life or mode of action, often adverb:— (Translated in King James Version as) along, away, because of, + by, conversation, custom, (east-)ward, journey, manner, passenger, through, toward, (high-) (path-)way(-side), whither(-soever).

#### Job 36:3-4

"I will fetch my knowledge from afar, and will ascribe righteousness <sup>(6664)</sup> to my Maker. (6466)

<sup>4</sup> For truly my words *shall* not *be* false: **he that is perfect** <sup>(8549)</sup> **in knowledge** *is* **with thee**." (KJV)

**Maker 6466** – אָעָל paʿal, paw-al´; a primitive root; to do or make (systematically and habitually), especially to practise: — (Translated in King James Version as) commit, (evil-) do(-er), make(-r), ordain, work(-er).

**Righteousness 6664** – אָדֶדָק tsedeq, *tseh'-dek;* from 6663; the right (natural, moral or legal); also (abstractly) equity or (figuratively) prosperity:— (Translated in King James Version as) x even, (x that which is altogether) just(-ice), ((un-))right(-eous) (cause, -ly, -ness).

• Job 36:3-4 in the Septuagint (LXX)

#### Job 36:3-4

"Having fetched my knowledge from afar, and according to my works <sup>4</sup> I will speak just things truly, and thou shalt not unjustly receive unjust words." (LXX)

#### Psalm 18:30-32

"As for God,  $^{(410)}$  his way  $^{(1870)}$  is perfect:  $^{(8549)}$  the word of the LORD  $^{(3068)}$  is tried:  $^{(6884)}$  he is a buckler  $^{(4043)}$  to all those that trust  $^{(2620)}$  in him.

<sup>31</sup> For who *is* God <sup>(433)</sup> save  $\frac{(1107)}{100}$  the LORD? <sup>(3068)</sup> or who *is* a rock <sup>(6697)</sup> save  $\frac{(1108)}{100}$  our God?

<sup>32</sup> *It is* God <sup>(410)</sup> that girdeth <sup>(247)</sup> me with strength, <sup>(2428)</sup> and maketh my way <sup>(1870)</sup> perfect. <sup>(8549)</sup>" (KJV)

**Buckler 4043** – אָגנָה magen, maw-gane'; also (in plural) feminine אָגנָה mginnah, meg-in-naw'; from 1598; a shield (i.e. the small one or buckler); figuratively, a protector; also the scaly hide of the crocodile: — (Translated in King James Version as) x armed, buckler, defence, ruler, + scale, shield.

**Girdeth 247 – אָזַר azar,** *aw-zar´;* a primitive root; to belt:— (Translated in King James Version as) bind (compass) about, gird (up, with).

**Strength 2428 – חִיל chayil**, *khah´-yil;* from 2342; probably a force, whether of men, means or other resources; an army, wealth, virtue, valor, strength:— (Translated in King James Version as) able, activity, (+) army, band of men (soldiers), company, (great) forces, goods, host, might, power, riches, strength, strong, substance, train, (+)valiant(-ly), valour, virtuous(-ly), war, worthy(-ily).

**Tried 6884** – אָרַף tsaraph, tsaw-raf'; a primitive root; to fuse (metal), i.e. refine (literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) cast, (re-)fine(-er), founder, goldsmith, melt, pure, purge away, try.

**Trust 2620** – **noņ chaçah**, *khaw-saw';* a primitive root; to flee for protection (compare 982); figuratively, to confide in: — (Translated in King James Version as) have hope, make refuge, (put) trust.

#### Psalm 19:7-11

"The law  $\frac{(8451)}{(5715)}$  of the LORD  $\frac{(3068)}{is}$  is perfect,  $\frac{(8549)}{(8549)}$  converting  $\frac{(7725)}{100}$  the soul: the testimony  $\frac{(5715)}{5710}$  of the LORD  $\frac{(3068)}{is}$  is sure,  $\frac{(539)}{590}$  making wise the simple.  $\frac{(6612)}{590}$ 

<sup>8</sup> The statutes <sup>(6490)</sup> of the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> are right, <sup>(3477)</sup> rejoicing <sup>(8055)</sup> the heart: the commandment of the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> is pure, <sup>(1249)</sup> enlightening the eyes.
<sup>9</sup> The fear <sup>(3374)</sup> of the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> is clean, <sup>(2889)</sup> enduring <sup>(5975)</sup> for ever: the judgments <sup>(4941)</sup>

<sup>9</sup> <u>The fear <sup>(3374)</sup> of the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> is clean</u>, <sup>(2889)</sup> enduring <sup>(5975)</sup> for ever: the judgments <sup>(4941)</sup> of the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> are true <sup>(571)</sup> and righteous <sup>(6663)</sup> altogether.

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<sup>10</sup> More to be desired <sup>(2530)</sup> are they than gold, yea, than much fine gold: sweeter also than honey and the honeycomb.

<sup>11</sup> Moreover by them is thy servant warned: <sup>(2094)</sup> and in keeping <sup>(8104)</sup> of them there is great <sup>(7227)</sup> reward." <sup>(6118)</sup> (KJV)

Clean 2889 – שָׁהוֹר tahowr, taw-hore'; or שָׁהוֹר tahor, taw-hore'; from 2891; pure (in a physical, chemical, ceremonial or moral sense):— (Translated in King James Version as) clean, fair, pure(-ness).

**2891** – שָׁהָר taw-hare'; a primitive root; properly, to be bright; i.e. (by implication) to be pure (physical sound, clear, unadulterated; Levitically, uncontaminated; morally, innocent or holy):— (Translated in King James Version as) be (make, make self, pronounce) clean, cleanse (self), purge, purify(-ier, self).

**Converting 7725** – Initial shuwb, shoob; a primitive root; to turn back (hence, away) transitively or intransitively, literally or figuratively (not necessarily with the idea of return to the starting point); generally to retreat; often adverbial, again:— (Translated in King James Version as) ((break, build, circumcise, dig, do anything, do evil, feed, lay down, lie down, lodge, make, rejoice, send, take, weep)) x again, (cause to) answer (+ again), x in any case (wise), x at all, averse, bring (again, back, home again), call (to mind), carry again (back), cease, x certainly, come again (back), x consider, + continually, convert, deliver (again), + deny, draw back, fetch home again, x fro, get (oneself) (back) again, x give (again), go again (back, home), (go) out, hinder, let, (see) more, x needs, be past, x pay, pervert, pull in again, put (again, up again), recall, recompense, recover, refresh, relieve, render (again), requite, rescue, restore, retrieve, (cause to, make to) return, reverse, reward, + say nay, send back, set again, slide back, still, x surely, take back (off), (cause to, make to) turn (again, self again, away, back, back again, backward, from, off), withdraw.

Adverbial - relating to, or used as an adverb.

**Desired 2530 – הְמָד chamad**, *khaw-mad*; a primitive root; to delight in:— (Translated in King James Version as) beauty, greatly beloved, covet, delectable thing, (x great) delight, desire, goodly, lust, (be) pleasant (thing), precious (thing).

**Fear 3374** – יָרָאָה yir ah, yir-aw'; feminine of 3373; fear (also used as infinitive); morally, reverence: — (Translated in King James Version as) x dreadful, x exceedingly, fear(-fulness).

**Great 7227** – **ב** rab, *rab;* by contracted from 7231; abundant (in quantity, size, age, number, rank, quality):— (Translated in King James Version as) (in) abound(-undance, -ant, -antly), captain, elder, enough, exceedingly, full, great(-ly, man, one), increase, long (enough, (time)), (do, have) many(-ifold, things, a time), ((ship-))master, mighty, more, (too, very) much, multiply(-tude), officer, often(-times), plenteous, populous, prince, process (of time), suffice(-lent).

**Keeping 8104** – שָׁמָר shamar, shaw-mar'; a primitive root; properly, to hedge about (as with thorns), i.e. guard; generally, to protect, attend to, etc.:— (Translated in King James Version as) beward, be circumspect, take heed (to self), keep(-er, self), mark, look narrowly, observe, preserve, regard, reserve, save (self), sure, (that lay) wait (for), watch(-man).

**Pure 1249** – בָּר bar, bar; from 1305 (in its various senses); beloved; also pure, empty: – (Translated in King James Version as) choice, clean, clear, pure.

**1305** – בָּרַר barar, baw-rar'; a primitive root; to clarify (i.e. brighten), examine, select: – (Translated in King James Version as) make bright, choice, chosen, cleanse (be clean), clearly, polished, (shew self) pure(-ify), purge (out).

**Rejoicing 8055** – שָׁמַ*n* samach, saw-makh'; a primitive root; probably to brighten up, i.e. (figuratively) be (causatively, make) blithe or gleesome:— (Translated in King James Version as) cheer up, be (make) glad, (have, make) joy(-ful), be (make) merry, (cause to, make to) rejoice, x very.

Blithe - carefree; joyous, merry, or happy

**Reward 6118** – עָקָב 'eqeb, ay'-keb; from 6117 in the sense of 6119; a heel, i.e. (figuratively) the last of anything (used adverbially, for ever); also result, i.e. compensation; and so (adverb with preposition or relatively) on account of:— (Translated in King James Version as) x because, by, end, for, if, reward.

**Righteous 6663** – אָדַק tsadaq, tsaw-dak'; a primitive root; to be (causatively, make) right (in a moral or forensic sense):— (Translated in King James Version as) cleanse, clear self, (be, do) just(-ice, -ify, -ify self), (be turn to) righteous(-ness).

Simple 6612 – פָּתָּי pthiy, peth-ee'; or פָּתִי pethiy, peh'-thee; or פָּתָי pthaeiy, peth-aw-ee'; from 6601; silly (i.e. seducible):— (Translated in King James Version as) foolish, simple(-icity, one).

Statutes 6490 – פָקוד piqquwd, pik-kood'; or פָקָד piqqud, pik-kood'; from 6485; properly, appointed, i.e. a mandate (of God; plural only, collectively, for the Law): — (Translated in King James Version as) commandment, precept, statute.

Sure 539 – אָמָן 'aman, aw-man'; a primitive root; properly, to build up or support; to foster as a parent or nurse; figuratively to render (or be) firm or faithful, to trust or believe, to be permanent or quiet; morally to be true or certain; once (Isa. 30:21; interchangeable with 541) to go to the right hand:— (Translated in King James Version as) hence, assurance, believe, bring up, establish, + fail, be faithful (of long continuance, stedfast, sure, surely, trusty, verified), nurse, (-ing father), (put), trust, turn to the right.

**Testimony 5715** – אָ**דוּת 'eduwth**, *ay-dooth';* feminine of 5707; testimony: — (Translated in King James Version as) testimony, witness.

**5707** – עו 'ed, *ayd;* contracted from 5749; concretely, a witness; abstractly, testimony; specifically, a recorder, i.e. prince:— (Translated in King James Version as) witness.

**True 571** – אָמָת (figuratively) certainty, truth, trustworthiness: — (Translated in King James Version as) assured(-ly), establishment, faithful, right, sure, true (-ly, -th), verity.

**Warned 2094** – אָהָר zahar, zaw-har'; a primitive root; to gleam; figuratively, to enlighten (by caution):— (Translated in King James Version as) admonish, shine, teach, (give) warn(-ing).

#### Psalm 101:6-7

"Mine eyes *shall be* upon the faithful <sup>(539)</sup> of the land, <sup>(776)</sup> that they may dwell <sup>(3427)</sup> with me: he that walketh in a perfect <sup>(8549)</sup> way, <sup>(1870)</sup> he shall serve <sup>(8334)</sup> me.

<sup>7</sup> He that worketh <sup>(6213)</sup> deceit <sup>(7423)</sup> shall not dwell <sup>(3427)</sup> within my house: he that telleth lies <sup>(8267)</sup> shall not tarry <sup>(3559)</sup> in my sight." (KJV)

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• Psalm 101:6 – Faithful<sup>(539)</sup> was translated as Sure<sup>(539)</sup> in Psalm 19:7.

Deceit 7423 – רְמִיָּה rmiyah, rem-ee-yaw'; from 7411; remissness, treachery:— (Translated in King James Version as) deceit(-ful, -fully), false, guile, idle, slack, slothful.

Remissness (synonyms) – forgetfulness, heedlessness, inattentiveness, laxity, disregard

Dwell 3427 – שָׁיַ yashab, yaw-shab'; a primitive root; properly, to sit down (specifically as judge. in ambush, in quiet); by implication, to dwell, to remain; causatively, to settle, to marry:— (Translated in King James Version as) (make to) abide(-ing), continue, (cause to, make to) dwell(-ing), ease self, endure, establish, x fail, habitation, haunt, (make to) inhabit(-ant), make to keep (house), lurking, x marry(-ing), (bring again to) place, remain, return, seat, set(-tle), (down-)sit(-down, still, -ting down, -ting (place) -uate), take, tarry.

Faithful 539 – אָמַן aman, aw-man'; a primitive root; properly, to build up or support; to foster as a parent or nurse; figuratively to render (or be) firm or faithful, to trust or believe, to be permanent or quiet; morally to be true or certain; once (Isa. 30:21; interchangeable with 541) to go to the right hand:— (Translated in King James Version as) hence, assurance, believe, bring up, establish, + fail, be faithful (of long continuance, stedfast, sure, surely, trusty, verified), nurse, (-ing father), (put), trust, turn to the right.

Lies 8267 – שָׁקָר sheqer, sheh'-ker; from 8266; an untruth; by implication, a sham (often adverbial):— (Translated in King James Version as) without a cause, deceit(-ful), false(-hood, - ly), feignedly, liar, + lie, lying, vain (thing), wrongfully.

Tarry 3559 – [13 kuwn, koon; a primitive root; properly, to be erect (i.e. stand perpendicular); hence (causatively) to set up, in a great variety of applications, whether literal (establish, fix, prepare, apply), or figurative (appoint, render sure, proper or prosperous):— (Translated in King James Version as) certain(-ty), confirm, direct, faithfulness, fashion, fasten, firm, be fitted, be fixed, frame, be meet, ordain, order, perfect, (make) preparation, prepare (self), provide, make provision, (be, make) ready, right, set (aright, fast, forth), be stable, (e-)stablish, stand, tarry, x very deed.

Worketh 6213 – עָשָׁה 'asah, aw-saw'; a primitive root; to do or make, in the broadest sense and widest application (as follows):— (Translated in King James Version as) accomplish, advance, appoint, apt, be at, become, bear, bestow, bring forth, bruise, be busy, x certainly, have the charge of, commit, deal (with), deck, + displease, do, (ready) dress(-ed), (put in) execute(-ion), exercise, fashion, + feast, (fight-)ing man, + finish, fit, fly, follow, fulfill, furnish, gather, get, go about, govern, grant, great, + hinder, hold ((a feast)), x indeed, + be industrious, + journey, keep, labour, maintain, make, be meet, observe, be occupied, offer, + officer, pare, bring (come) to pass, perform, pracise, prepare, procure, provide, put, requite, x sacrifice, serve, set, shew, x sin, spend, x surely, take, x thoroughly, trim, x very, + vex, be (warr-)ior, work(-man), yield, use.

# **Upright, Uprightly (***Tamim***)**

#### 2 Samuel 22:17-29

"He sent from above, he took me; he drew me out of many waters;

<sup>18</sup> He delivered <sup>(5337)</sup> me from my strong <sup>(5794)</sup> enemy, <sup>(341)</sup> and from them that hated <sup>(8130)</sup> me: for they were too strong <sup>(553)</sup> for me.

<sup>19</sup> They prevented <sup>(6923)</sup> me in the day of my calamity: <sup>(343)</sup> but the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> was my stay. <sup>(4937)</sup>

<sup>20</sup> He brought me forth also into a large place: he delivered <sup>(2502)</sup> me, because he delighted <sup>(2654)</sup> in me.

<sup>21</sup> The LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> rewarded <sup>(1580)</sup> me according to my righteousness: <sup>(6666)</sup> according to the cleanness <sup>(1252)</sup> of my hands hath he recompensed <sup>(7725)</sup> me.

<sup>22</sup> For I have kept  $^{(8104)}$  the ways  $^{(1870)}$  of the LORD,  $^{(3068)}$  and have not wickedly departed from my God.  $^{(430)}$ 

<sup>23</sup> For all his judgments <sup>(4941)</sup> were before me: and *as for* his statutes, (2708) I did not depart from them.

<sup>24</sup> I was also upright <sup>(8549)</sup> before him, and have kept <sup>(8104)</sup> myself from mine iniquity. <sup>(5771)</sup>

<sup>25</sup> Therefore the LORD  $^{(3068)}$  hath recompensed  $^{(7725)}$  me according to my righteousness; <sup>(6666)</sup> according to my cleanness  $^{(1252)}$  in his eye sight.

<sup>26</sup> With the merciful <sup>(2623)</sup> thou wilt shew thyself merciful, <sup>(2616)</sup> and with the upright <sup>(8549)</sup> man thou wilt shew thyself upright. <sup>(8552)</sup>

<sup>27</sup> With the pure <sup>(1305)</sup> thou wilt shew thyself pure; <sup>(1305)</sup> and with the froward <sup>(6140)</sup> thou wilt shew thyself unsavoury. <sup>(6617)</sup>

<sup>28</sup> And the afflicted  $^{(6041)}$  people thou wilt save:  $^{(3467)}$  but thine eyes *are* upon the haughty,  $^{(7311)}$  that thou mayest bring *them* down.  $^{(8213)}$ 

<sup>29</sup> For thou *art* my lamp, <sup>(5216)</sup> O LORD: <sup>(3068)</sup> and the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> will lighten <sup>(5050)</sup> my darkness." <sup>(2822)</sup> (KJV)

Afflicted 6041 – אָני: 'aniy, aw-nee'; from 6031; depressed, in mind or circumstances (practically the same as 6035, although the margin constantly disputes this, making 6035 subjective and 6041 objective):— (Translated in King James Version as) afflicted, humble, lowly, needy, poor.

**Calamity 343** – אֵיד 'eyd, *ade;* from the same as 181 (in the sense of bending down); oppression; by implication misfortune, ruin: — (Translated in King James Version as) calamity, destruction.

**Cleanness 1252** – בֹּר bor, bore; from 1305; purify: — (Translated in King James Version as) cleanness, pureness.

Darkness 2822 – הְשָׁרָ choshek, *kho-shek';* from 2821; the dark; hence (literally) darkness; figuratively, misery, destruction, death, ignorance, sorrow, wickedness:— (Translated in King James Version as) dark(-ness), night, obscurity.

**Delighted 2654** – YQM chaphets, *khaw-fates'*; a primitive root; properly, to incline to; by implication (literally but rarely) to bend; figuratively, to be pleased with, desire: — (Translated in King James Version as) x any at all, (have, take) delight, desire, favour, like, move, be (well) pleased, have pleasure, will, would.

**Delivered 2502** – אָרָשָׁ chalats, *khaw-lats'*; a primitive root; to pull off; hence (intensively) to strip, (reflex.) to depart; by implication, to deliver, equip (for fight); present, strengthen:— (Translated in King James Version as) arm (self), (go, ready) armed (x man, soldier), deliver, draw out, make fat, loose, (ready) prepared, put off, take away, withdraw self.

**Delivered 5337** – נאל natsal, naw-tsal'; a primitive root; to snatch away, whether in a good or a bad sense:— (Translated in King James Version as) x at all, defend, deliver (self), escape, x without fail, part, pluck, preserve, recover, rescue, rid, save, spoil, strip, x surely, take (out).

**Down 8213 – שָׁכֵּל shaphel**, *shaw-fale'*; a primitive root; to depress or sink (expec. figuratively, to humiliate, intransitive or transitive):— (Translated in King James Version as) abase, bring (cast, put) down, debase, humble (self), be (bring, lay, make, put) low(-er).

**Enemy 341** – איֵב 'oyeb, *o-yabe';* or (fully) אויֵב 'owyeb, *o-yabe';* active participle of 340; hating; an adversary: — (Translated in King James Version as) enemy, foe.

**Froward 6140** – עָקָשׁ 'aqash, aw-kash'; a primitive root; to knot or distort; figuratively, to pervert (act or declare perverse):— (Translated in King James Version as) make crooked, (prove, that is) perverse(-rt).

**Haughty 7311** – **LHA ruwm**, *room*; a primitive root; to be high actively, to rise or raise (in various applications, literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) bring up, exalt (self), extol, give, go up, haughty, heave (up), (be, lift up on, make on, set up on, too) high(-er, one), hold up, levy, lift(-er) up, (be) lofty, (x a-)loud, mount up, offer (up), + presumptuously, (be) promote(-ion), proud, set up, tall(-er), take (away, off, up), breed worms.

**Iniquity 5771** – Jių 'avon, *aw-vone';* or Jiųų 'avown (2 Kings 7:9; Psalm 51:5 (7)), *aw-vone';* from 5753; perversity, i.e. (moral) evil:— (Translated in King James Version as) fault, iniquity, mischeif, punishment (of iniquity), sin.

Lamp 5216 – נָר niyr, neer; or אָ nir, neer; also נַי neyr, nare; or בָ ner, nare; or (feminine) nerah, nay-raw'; from a primitive root (see 5214; 5135) properly, meaning to glisten; a lamp (i.e. the burner) or light (literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) candle, lamp, light.

**Lighten 5050** – נְגַה nagahh, naw-gah'; a primitive root; to glitter; causatively, to illuminate: – (Translated in King James Version as) (en-)lighten, (cause to) shine.

**Merciful 2616** – TOD chaçad, *khaw-sad'*; a primitive root; properly, perhaps to bow (the neck only (compare 2603) in courtesy to an equal), i.e. to be kind; also (by euphem. (compare 1288), but rarely) to reprove: — (Translated in King James Version as) shew self merciful, put to shame.

Reprove - to criticize or correct; Reprimand, Rebuke, Admonish

**Merciful 2623 – חָיִד, chaçiyd,** *khaw-seed';* from 2616; properly, kind, i.e. (religiously) pious (a saint):— (Translated in King James Version as) godly (man), good, holy (one), merciful, saint, (un-)godly.

**Prevented 6923 – קַדָם qadam**, *kaw-dam'*; a primitive root; to project (one self), i.e. precede; hence, to anticipate, hasten, meet (usually for help):— (Translated in King James Version as) come (go, (flee)) before, + disappoint, meet, prevent.

**Recompensed 7725** – Juj shuwb, shoob; a primitive root; to turn back (hence, away) transitively or intransitively, literally or figuratively (not necessarily with the idea of return to the starting point); generally to retreat; often adverbial, again: — (Translated in King James Version as) ((break, build, circumcise, dig, do anything, do evil, feed, lay down, lie down, lodge, make, rejoice, send, take, weep)) x again, (cause to) answer (+ again), x in any case (wise), x at all, averse, bring (again, back, home again), call (to mind), carry again (back), cease, x certainly, come again (back), x consider, + continually, convert, deliver (again), + deny, draw back, fetch home again, x fro, get (oneself) (back) again, x give (again), go again (back, home), (go) out, hinder, let, (see) more, x needs, be past, x pay, pervert, pull in again, put (again, up again), recall, recompense, recover, refresh, relieve, render (again), requite, rescue, restore, retrieve, (cause to, make to) return, reverse, reward, + say nay, send back, set again, slide back, still, x surely, take back (off), (cause to, make to) turn (again, self again, away, back, back again, backward, from, off), withdraw.

**Rewarded 1580 – אָמַע gamal**, gaw-mal'; a primitive root; to treat a person (well or ill), i.e. benefit or requite; by implication (of toil), to ripen, i.e. (specifically) to wean:— (Translated in King James Version as) bestow on, deal bountifully, do (good), recompense, requite, reward, ripen, + serve, mean, yield.

**Righteousness 6666** – אָדָקָה tsdaqah, *tsed-aw-kaw';* from 6663; rightness (abstractly), subjectively (rectitude), objectively (justice), morally (virtue) or figuratively (prosperity):— (Translated in King James Version as) justice, moderately, right(-eous) (act, -ly, -ness).

**Save 3467** – אָשָׁע yasha', yaw-shah'; a primitive root; properly, to be open, wide or free, i.e. (by implication) to be safe; causatively, to free or succor: — (Translated in King James Version as) x at all, avenging, defend, deliver(-er), help, preserve, rescue, be safe, bring (having) salvation, save(-iour), get victory.

Succor – someone or something that gives help, relief, assistance, etc.

Stay 4937 – מִשְׁעֵן mish'en, mish-ane'; or מִשְׁעָן mishtan, mish-awn'; from 8172; a support (concretely), i.e. (figuratively) a protector or sustenance:— (Translated in King James Version as) stay.

Strong 553 – אָמַץ 'amats, aw-mats'; a primitive root; to be alert, physically (on foot) or mentally (in courage):— (Translated in King James Version as) confirm, be courageous (of good courage, stedfastly minded, strong, stronger), establish, fortify, harden, increase, prevail, strengthen (self), make strong (obstinate, speed).

**Strong 5794** – τμ 'az, az; from 5810; strong, vehement, harsh: — (Translated in King James Version as) fierce, + greedy, mighty, power, roughly, strong.

Vehement - strongly emotional; intense or passionate; violent

**Unsavoury 6617 – אָרָא pathal**, paw-thal'; a primitive root; to twine, i.e. (literally) to struggle or (figuratively) be (morally) tortuous: — (Translated in King James Version as) (shew self) froward, shew self unsavoury, wrestle.

Tortuous - not direct or straightforward; twisted, winding, or crooked

**Upright 8552 – הַמָּמ** tamam, taw-mam'; a primitive root; to complete, in a good or a bad sense, literal, or figurative, transitive or intransitive (as follows):— (Translated in King James Version as) accomplish, cease, be clean (pass-)ed, consume, have done, (come to an, have an, make an) end, fail, come to the full, be all gone, x be all here, be (make) perfect, be spent, sum, be (shew self) upright, be wasted, whole.

#### Psalm 15:1-5

"LORD, <sup>(3068)</sup> who shall abide <sup>(1481)</sup> in thy tabernacle? <sup>(168)</sup> who shall dwell <sup>(7931)</sup> in thy holy <sup>(6944)</sup> hill?

<sup>2</sup> He that walketh uprightly, <sup>(8549)</sup> and worketh <sup>(6466)</sup> righteousness, <sup>(6664)</sup> and speaketh the truth <sup>(571)</sup> in his heart.

<sup>3</sup> *He that* backbiteth  $^{(7270)}$  not with his tongue, nor doeth  $^{(6213)}$  evil  $^{(7451)}$  to his neighbour,  $^{(7453)}$  nor taketh up a reproach  $^{(2781)}$  against his neighbour.  $^{(7138)}$ 

<sup>4</sup> In whose eyes a vile person <sup>(3988)</sup> is contemned; <sup>(959)</sup> but <u>he honoureth them that fear <sup>(3373)</sup></u> the LORD. <sup>(3068)</sup> He that sweareth <sup>(7650)</sup> to his own hurt, <sup>(7489)</sup> and changeth <sup>(4171)</sup> not.

<sup>5</sup> *He that* putteth not out his money to usury,  $^{(5392)}$  nor taketh reward  $^{(7810)}$  against the innocent.  $^{(5355)}$  He that doeth  $^{(6213)}$  these *things* shall never be moved."  $^{(4131)}$  (KJV)

**Abide 1481** – **Tia guwr**, *goor*; a primitive root; properly, to turn aside from the road (for a lodging or any other purpose), i.e. sojourn (as a guest); also to shrink, fear (as in a strange place); also to gather for hostility (as afraid):— (Translated in King James Version as) abide, assemble, be afraid, dwell, fear, gather (together), inhabitant, remain, sojourn, stand in awe, (be) stranger, x surely.

**Backbiteth 7270 – אָרָגַל (a primitive root; to walk along; but only in specifically,** applications, to reconnoiter, to be a tale-bearer (i.e. slander); also (as denominative from 7272) to lead about: — (Translated in King James Version as) backbite, search, slander, (e-)spy (out), teach to go, view.

Reconnoiter - to inspect, watch, search, to spy, survey, investigate to gain information

**Changeth 4171 – מוּר muwr,** *moor;* a primitive root; to alter; by implication, to barter, to dispose of: — (Translated in King James Version as) x at all, (ex-)change, remove.

**Contemned 959 – בָּזָה bazah**, *baw-zaw';* a primitive root; to disesteem: — (Translated in King James Version as) despise, disdain, contemn (-ptible), + think to scorn, vile person.

**Dwell 7931** – jý shakan, shaw-kan'; a primitive root (apparently akin (by transmission) to 7901 through the idea of lodging; compare 5531, 7925); to reside or permanently stay (literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) abide, continue, (cause to, make to) dwell(-er), have habitation, inhabit, lay, place, (cause to) remain, rest, set (up).

**Fear 3373 – יָרָא yare',** *yaw-ray';* from 3372; fearing; morally, reverent: — (Translated in King James Version as) afraid, fear (-ful).

**3372** – אָרָא yare', yaw-ray'; a primitive root; to fear; morally, to revere; caus. to frighten: — (Translated in King James Version as) affright, be (make) afraid, dread (-ful), (put in) fear(-ful, -fully, -ing), (be had in) reverence(-end), x see, terrible (act, -ness, thing).

Holy 6944 – קֹדָשׁ qodesh, ko'-desh; from 6942; a sacred place or thing; rarely abstract, sanctity:— (Translated in King James Version as) consecrated (thing), dedicated (thing), hallowed (thing), holiness, (x most) holy (x day, portion, thing), saint, sanctuary.

**6942** – קַדָש qadash, kaw-dash'; a primitive root; to be (causatively, make, pronounce or observe as) clean (ceremonially or morally):— (Translated in King James Version as) appoint, bid, consecrate, dedicate, defile, hallow, (be, keep) holy(-er, place), keep, prepare, proclaim, purify, sanctify(-ied one, self), x wholly.

**Hurt 7489** – רָעַע ra'a', *raw-ah'*; a primitive root; properly, to spoil (literally, by breaking to pieces); figuratively, to make (or be) good for nothing, i.e. bad (physically, socially or morally): – (Translated in King James Version as) afflict, associate selves (by mistake for 7462), break (down, in pieces), + displease, (be, bring, do) evil (doer, entreat, man), show self friendly (by mistake for 7462), do harm, (do) hurt, (behave self, deal) ill, x indeed, do mischief, punish, still, vex, (do) wicked (doer, -ly), be (deal, do) worse.

**Innocent 5355 – נְקִיא naqiy,** *naw-kee';* or נְקִיא naqiyi (Joel 4 : 19; Jonah 1 : 14), *naw-kee';* from 5352; innocent:— (Translated in King James Version as) blameless, clean, clear, exempted, free, guiltless, innocent, quit.

**5352** – נְקָה naqah, naw-kaw'; a primitive root; to be (or make) clean (literally or figuratively); by implication (in an adverse sense) to be bare, i.e. extirpated: – (Translated in King James Version as) acquit x at all, x altogether, be blameless, cleanse, (be) clear(-ing), cut off, be desolate, be free, be (hold) guiltless, be (hold) innocent, x by no means, be quit, be (leave) unpunished, x utterly, x wholly.

Extirpated – something that was completely destroyed, wiped out or removed

**Moved 4131** – **υin mowt**, *mote*; a primitive root; to waver; by implication , to slip, shake, fall:— (Translated in King James Version as) be carried, cast, be out of course, be fallen in decay, x exceedingly, fall(-ing down), be (re-)moved, be ready, shake, slide, slip.

**Neighbour 7138** – אָרוֹב qarowb, kaw-robe'; or אָרוֹב qarob, kaw-robe'; from 7126; near (in place, kindred or time):— (Translated in King James Version as) allied, approach, at hand, + any of kin, kinsfold(-sman), (that is) near (of kin), neighbour, (that is) next, (them that come) nigh (at hand), more ready, short(-ly).

**Neighbour 7453** – רָשַ rea', *ray'-ah;* or רָשַ reya', *ray'-ah;* from 7462; an associate (more or less close):— (Translated in King James Version as) brother, companion, fellow, friend, husband, lover, neighbour, x (an-)other.reya2

**Reproach 2781** – אֶרְפָּה cherpah, *kher-paw';* from 2778; contumely, disgrace, the pudenda:— (Translated in King James Version as) rebuke, reproach(-fully), shame.

Contumely – rude and insulting display of contempt in words or actions

Pudenda – genitalia, parts privates, sex organs

**Reward 7810** – שַׁחַד shachad, shakh'-ad; from 7809; a donation (venal or redemptive):— (Translated in King James Version as) bribe(-ry), gift, present, reward.

**7809** – שָׁחַד shachad, *shaw-khad';* a primitive root; to donate, i.e. bribe:— (Translated in King James Version as) hire, give a reward.

Venal - willing to sell one's influence; open to bribery; corruptible, lawless

**Tabernacle 168** – אָהָל 'ohel, o'-hel; from 166; a tent (as clearly conspicuous from a distance):— (Translated in King James Version as) covering, (dwelling)(place), home, tabernacle, tent.

**Truth 571** – אֶמֶת 'emeth, eh'-meth; contracted from 539; stability; (figuratively) certainty, truth, trustworthiness: — (Translated in King James Version as) assured(-ly), establishment, faithful, right, sure, true (-ly, -th), verity.

Usury 5392 – גָשֶׁך neshek, neh´-shek; from 5391; interest on a debt: — (Translated in King James Version as) usury.

Vile person 3988 – סאָ ma'aç, maw-as'; a primitive root; to spurn; also (intransitively) to disappear:— (Translated in King James Version as) abhor, cast away (off), contemn, despise, disdain, (become) loathe(some), melt away, refuse, reject, reprobate, x utterly, vile person.

Spurn – to reject snub, despise, disdain, or look down on

**Worketh 6466** – אָפָעָל paʿal, paw-al´; a primitive root; to do or make (systematically and habitually), especially to practise: — (Translated in King James Version as) commit, (evil-) do(-er), make(-r), ordain, work(-er).

#### Psalm 84:11-12

"For the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> God <sup>(430)</sup> is a sun <sup>(8121)</sup> and shield: <sup>(4043)</sup> the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> will give grace <sup>(2580)</sup> and glory: <sup>(3519)</sup> **no good** *thing* will he withhold <sup>(4513)</sup> from them that walk uprightly. <sup>(8549)</sup> <sup>12</sup> O LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> of hosts, <sup>(6635)</sup> blessed <sup>(835)</sup> is the man <sup>(120)</sup> that trusteth <sup>(982)</sup> in thee." (KJV)

**Blessed 835** – אָשֶׁר 'esher, eh'-sher; from 833; happiness; only in masculine plural construction as interjection, how happy!:— (Translated in King James Version as) blessed, happy.

**Glory 3519** – נָבוֹד kabowd, *kaw-bode';* rarely נָבוֹד kabod, *kaw-bode';* from 3513; properly, weight, but only figuratively in a good sense, splendor or copiousness:— (Translated in King James Version as) glorious(-ly), glory, honour(-able).

Copiousness - abundance, bountifulness, full supply, plenty

**Grace 2580** – <u>in</u> chen, *khane;* from 2603; graciousness, i.e. subjective (kindness, favor) or objective (beauty):— (Translated in King James Version as) favour, grace(-ious), pleasant, precious, (well-)favoured.

**2603** – **D** chanan, *khaw-nan'*; a primitive root (compare 2583); properly, to bend or stoop in kindness to an inferior; to favor, bestow; causatively to implore (i.e. move to favor by petition):— (Translated in King James Version as) beseech, x fair, (be, find, shew) favour(-able), be (deal, give, grant (gracious(-ly), intreat, (be) merciful, have (shew) mercy (on, upon), have pity upon, pray, make supplication, x very.

Hosts 6635 – אָבָאָ tsaba', tsaw-baw'; or (feminine) אָבָאָ tsbadah, tseb-aw-aw'; from 6633; a mass of persons (or figuratively, things), especially reg. organized for war (an army); by implication, a campaign, literally or figuratively (specifically, hardship, worship):— (Translated in King James Version as) appointed time, (+) army, (+) battle, company, host, service, soldiers, waiting upon, war(-fare). Man 120 – אָדָם 'adam, aw-dawm'; from 119; ruddy i.e. a human being (an individual or the species, mankind, etc.):— (Translated in King James Version as) x another, + hypocrite, + common sort, x low, man (mean, of low degree), person.

**Shield 4043** – מְגָוָ magen, maw-gane'; also (in plural) feminine מְגָוָ mginnah, meg-in-naw'; from 1598; a shield (i.e. the small one or buckler); figuratively, a protector; also the scaly hide of the crocodile: — (Translated in King James Version as) (Translated in King James Version as) x armed, buckler, defence, ruler, + scale, shield.

**Sun 8121** – שָׁמָשׁ shemesh, sheh'-mesh; from an unused root meaning to be brilliant; the sun; by implication, the east; figuratively, a ray, i.e. (arch.) a notched battlement:— (Translated in King James Version as) + east side(-ward), sun ((rising)), + west(-ward), window.

**Trusteth 982** – nyj batach, baw-takh'; a primitive root; properly, to hie for refuge (but not so precipitately as 2620); figuratively, to trust, be confident or sure: — (Translated in King James Version as) be bold (confident, secure, sure), careless (one, woman), put confidence, (make to) hope, (put, make to) trust.

Hie – to speed, go in haste

**Withhold 4513** – אָנַע mana', maw-nah'; a primitive root; to debar (negatively or positively) from benefit or injury: — (Translated in King James Version as) deny, keep (back), refrain, restrain, withhold.

Debar - to shut out or exclude; to hinder or prevent; expel ban or refuse entry to

# Sincerity (Tamim)

#### Joshua 24:13-14

"And I have given you a land for which ye did not labour, and cities which ye built not, and ye dwell <sup>(3427)</sup> in them; of the vineyards and oliveyards which ye planted not do ye eat. <sup>14</sup> Now therefore fear <sup>(3372)</sup> the LORD, <sup>(3068)</sup> and serve <sup>(5647)</sup> him in sincerity <sup>(8549)</sup> and in truth: <sup>(571)</sup> and put away the gods <sup>(430)</sup> which your fathers served <sup>(5647)</sup> on the other side of the flood, <sup>(5104)</sup> and in Egypt; and serve <sup>(5647)</sup> ye the LORD." <sup>(3068)</sup> (KJV)

**Fear 3372** – **Yare'**, *yaw-ray'*; a primitive root; to fear; morally, to revere; caus. to frighten: — (Translated in King James Version as) affright, be (make) afraid, dread(-ful), (put in) fear(-ful, -fully, -ing), (be had in) reverence(-end), x see, terrible (act, -ness, thing).

**Flood 5104** – נָּהָר nahar, naw-hawr'; from 5102; a stream (including the sea; expec. the Nile, Euphrates, etc.); figuratively, prosperity:— (Translated in King James Version as) flood, river.

**Gods 430** – אָלֹהָים 'elohiym, *el-o-heem'*; plural of 433; gods in the ordinary sense; but specifically used (in the plural thus, especially with the article) of the supreme God; occasionally applied by way of deference to magistrates; and sometimes as a superlative:— (Translated in King James Version as) angels, x exceeding, God (gods)(-dess, -ly), x (very) great, judges, x mighty.

**Serve 5647** – עָבָד 'abad, aw-bad'; a primitive root; to work (in any sense); by implication, to serve, till, (causatively) enslave, etc.:— (Translated in King James Version as) x be, keep in

bondage, be bondmen, bond-service, compel, do, dress, ear, execute, + husbandman, keep, labour(-ing man, bring to pass, (cause to, make to) serve(-ing, self), (be, become) servant(-s), do (use) service, till(-er), transgress (from margin), (set a) work, be wrought, worshipper,

# Sound (Tamim)

Psalm 119:80 "Let my heart <sup>(3820)</sup> be sound <sup>(8549)</sup> in thy statutes; <sup>(2706)</sup> that I be not ashamed." <sup>(954)</sup> (KJV)

**Ashamed 954** – **Uil buwsh**, *boosh*; a primitive root; properly, to pale, i.e. by implication to be ashamed; also (by implication) to be disappointed or delayed: — (Translated in King James Version as) (be, make, bring to, cause, put to, with, a-) shamed(-d), be (put to) confounded(fusion), become dry, delay, be long.

**Heart 3820** – **לב leb**, *labe;* a form of 3824; the heart; also used (figuratively) very widely for the feelings, the will and even the intellect; likewise for the centre of anything: – (Translated in King James Version as) + care for, comfortably, consent, x considered, courag(-eous), friend(-ly), ((broken-), (hard-), (merry-), (stiff-), (stout-), double) heart((-ed)), x heed, x I, kindly, midst, mind(-ed), x regard((-ed)), x themselves, x unawares, understanding, x well, willingly, wisdom.

**Statutes 2706 – אֹר choq,** *khoke;* from 2710; an enactment; hence, an appointment (of time, space, quantity, labor or usage):— (Translated in King James Version as) appointed, bound, commandment, convenient, custom, decree(-d), due, law, measure, x necessary, ordinance(-nary), portion, set time, statute, task.

• For a complete list of all the verses on Strong's 8549 *Tamim* click here.

So, whether you choose to believe Noah was perfect because his DNA was pure; Noah was perfect because he was upright; or maybe both, consider this.

Hundreds of years later, another man was told to be perfect (tamim).

#### Genesis 17:1

"And when Abram was ninety years old and nine, the LORD  $^{(3068)}$  appeared to Abram, and said unto him, I *am* the Almighty God;  $^{(410)}$  walk  $^{(1980)}$  before  $^{(6440)}$  me, and be thou perfect."  $^{(8549)}$  (KJV)

And the children of Israel were told to be perfect (tamim).

#### Deuteronomy 18:9-14

"When thou art come into the land which the LORD  $^{(3068)}$  thy God  $^{(430)}$  giveth thee, thou shalt not learn to do after the abominations  $^{(8441)}$  of those nations.

<sup>10</sup> There shall not be found among you *any one* that maketh his son or his daughter to pass through the fire, *or* that useth divination, <sup>(7081)</sup> *or* an observer of times, <sup>(6049)</sup> or an enchanter, <sup>(5172)</sup> or a witch, <sup>(3784)</sup>

<sup>11</sup> Or a charmer, <sup>(2266)</sup> or a consulter <sup>(7592)</sup> with familiar spirits, <sup>(178)</sup> or a wizard, <sup>(3049)</sup> or a necromancer. <sup>(1875)</sup>

<sup>12</sup> For all that do these things *are* an abomination ,  $^{(8441)}$  unto the LORD:  $^{(3068)}$  and because of these abominations ,  $^{(8441)}$  the LORD  $^{(3068)}$  thy God  $^{(430)}$  doth drive them out from before thee.

<sup>13</sup> Thou shalt be perfect (8549) with the LORD (3068) thy God. (430)

<sup>14</sup> For these nations, which thou shalt possess, <sup>(3423)</sup> hearkened <sup>(8085)</sup> unto observers of times, <sup>(6049)</sup> and unto diviners: <sup>(7080)</sup> but as for thee, the LORD <sup>(3068)</sup> thy God <sup>(430)</sup> hath not suffered <sup>(5414)</sup> thee so to do." (KJV)

• Deuteronomy 18:10-11 from the English Standard Version (ESV).

#### Deuteronomy 18:10-11

"There shall not be found among you anyone who burns his son or his daughter as an offering, anyone who practices divination <sup>(7081)</sup> or tells fortunes <sup>(6049)</sup> or interprets omens, <sup>(5172)</sup> or a sorcerer <sup>(3784)</sup>

 $^{11}$  or a charmer  $^{(2266)}$  or a medium  $^{(178)}$  or a necromancer  $^{(3049)}$  or one who inquires  $^{(1875)}$  of the dead,"  $_{\rm (ESV)}$ 

Abominations 8441 – תּעֵבָה tow'ebah, to-ay-baw'; or אַעֵּבָה tonebah, to-ay-baw'; feminine active participle of 8581; properly, something disgusting (morally), i.e. (as noun) an abhorrence; especially idolatry or (concretely) an idol: — (Translated in King James Version as) abominable (custom, thing), abomination.

**Charmer 2266** – חָבָר chabar, *khaw-bar';* a primitive root; to join (literally or figuratively); specifically (by means of spells) to fascinate: — (Translated in King James Version as) charm(-er), be compact, couple (together), have fellowship with, heap up, join (self, together), league.

Fascinate - to bewitch, enchant or put under a spell; charm, mesmerize

**Consulter 7592 – שָׁאַל sha'al,** *shaw-al';* or שָׁאַל shael, *shaw-ale';* a primitive root; to inquire; by implication, to request; by extension, to demand:— (Translated in King James Version as) ask (counsel, on), beg, borrow, lay to charge, consult, demand, desire, x earnestly, enquire, + greet, obtain leave, lend, pray, request, require, + salute, x straitly, x surely, wish.

**Divination 7081** – **בְּסֶת qeçem**, *keh'-sem;* from 7080; a lot: also divination (including its fee), oracle: — (Translated in King James Version as) (reward of) divination, divine sentence, witchcraft.

**Diviners 7080 – הַסַּם qaçam**, kaw-sam'; a primitive root; properly, to distribute, i.e. determine by lot or magical scroll; by implication, to divine: — (Translated in King James Version as) divine(-r, -ation), prudent, soothsayer, use (divination).

Divine – to practice divination, foretell, to guess, to know by inspiration or a hunch

Enchanter 5172 – נְחָשׁ nachash, naw-khash'; a primitive root; properly, to hiss, i.e. whisper a (magic) spell; generally, to prognosticate: — (Translated in King James Version as) x certainly, divine, enchanter, (use) x enchantment, learn by experience, x indeed, diligently observe.

Prognosticate - to forecast or make a predict; prophesy

**Familiar spirits 178** – אוב 'owb, obe; from the same as 1 (apparently through the idea of prattling a father's name); properly, a mumble, i.e. a water skin (from its hollow sound); hence a necromancer (ventriloquist, as from a jar):— (Translated in King James Version as) bottle, familiar spirit.

Necromancer - a person who uses witchcraft, practices magic or sorcery; conjurer of spirits

Ventriloquist - a performer who projects their voice to another location, appears to speaks without moving their lips

Hearkened, Hearkeneth 8085 – שָׁמַע shama', shaw-mah'; a primitive root; to hear intelligently (often with implication of attention, obedience, etc.; causatively, to tell, etc.):— (Translated in King James Version as) x attentively, call (gather) together, x carefully, x certainly, consent, consider, be content, declare, x diligently, discern, give ear, (cause to, let, make to) hear(-ken, tell), x indeed, listen, make (a) noise, (be) obedient, obey, perceive, (make a) proclaim(-ation), publish, regard, report, shew (forth), (make a) sound, x surely, tell, understand, whosoever (heareth), witness.

**Necromancer 1875 – דְרַשׁ darash**, daw-rash'; a primitive root; properly, to tread or frequent; usually to follow (for pursuit or search); by implication, to seek or ask; specifically to worship:— (Translated in King James Version as) ask, x at all, care for, x diligently, inquire, make inquisition, (necro-)mancer, question, require, search, seek (for, out), x surely

**Observer of times 6049** – עָנָן 'anan, aw-nan'; a primitive root; to cover; used only as a denominative from 6051, to cloud over; figuratively, to act covertly, i.e. practise magic: – (Translated in King James Version as) x bring, enchanter, Meonemin, observe(-r of) times, soothsayer, sorcerer.

Possess 3423 – יָרָשׁ yarash, yaw-rash'; or יָרָשׁ yaresh, yaw-raysh'; a primitive root; to occupy (by driving out previous tenants, and possessing in their place); by implication, to seize, to rob, to inherit; also to expel, to impoverish, to ruin:— (Translated in King James Version as) cast out, consume, destroy, disinherit, dispossess, drive(-ing) out, enjoy, expel, x without fail, (give to, leave for) inherit(-ance, -or) + magistrate, be (make) poor, come to poverty, (give to, make to) possess, get (have) in (take) possession, seize upon, succeed, x utterly.

**Suffered 5414** – **Marke**, **etc.**):– (Translated in King James Version as) add, apply, appoint, ascribe, assign, x avenge, x be ((healed)), bestow, bring (forth, hither), cast, cause, charge, come, commit, consider, count, + cry, deliver (up), direct, distribute, do, x doubtless, x without fail, fasten, frame, x get, give (forth, over, up), grant, hang (up), x have, x indeed, lay (unto charge, up), (give) leave, lend, let (out), + lie, lift up, make, + O that, occupy, offer, ordain, pay, perform, place, pour, print, x pull , put (forth), recompense, render, requite, restore, send (out), set (forth), shew, shoot forth (up), + sing, + slander, strike, (sub-)mit, suffer, x surely, x take, thrust, trade, turn, utter, + weep, + willingly, + withdraw, + would (to) God, yield.

Witch 3784 – כָּשִׁף kashaph, kaw-shaf'; a primitive root; properly, to whisper a spell, i.e. to inchant or practise magic: — (Translated in King James Version as) sorcerer, (use) witch(-craft).

**Wizard 3049** – יְדָעניִי yidd'oniy, *yid-deh-o-nee';* from 3045; properly, a knowing one; specifically, a conjurer; (by impl) a ghost: — (Translated in King James Version as) wizard.

And now, through Christ, all are told to:

#### Matthew 5:48

"Be ye therefore perfect, <sup>(5046)</sup> even <sup>(5618)</sup> as your Father which is in heaven is perfect." <sup>(5046)</sup> (KJV)

**Even 5618** – ὥσπερ hosper, hoce´-per; from 5613 and 4007; just as, i.e. exactly like: — (Translated in King James Version as) (even, like) as.

**Perfect 5046** – τέλειος teleios, tel'-i-os; from 5056; complete (in various applications of labor, growth, mental and moral character, etc.); neuter (as noun, with 3588) completeness: — (Translated in King James Version as) of full age, man, perfect.

**5056** – τέλος telos, tel'-os; from a primary τέλλω tello (to set out for a definite point or goal); properly, the point aimed at as a limit, i.e. (by implication) the conclusion of an act or state (termination (literally, figuratively or indefinitely), result (immediate, ultimate or prophetic), purpose); specially, an impost or levy (as paid): — (Translated in King James Version as) + continual, custom, end(-ing), finally, uttermost.

#### Thayer's Greek Lexicon 5046 -

- brought to its end, finished; lacking nothing necessary to completeness; perfect: that which is perfect:

- consummate human integrity and virtue; the perfect state of all things, to be ushered in by the return of Christ from heaven;

- of men, full-grown, adult; of full age, mature, until we rise to the same level of knowledge which we ascribe to a full-grown man, until we can be likened to a full-grown man,

- one who has reached the proper height of virtue and integrity: as respects understanding and goodness.

Do you recall that Hebrews 5:9 told us that Christ, our example, was made perfect?

#### Hebrews 5:8-9

"Though he were a Son, yet learned he obedience <sup>(5218)</sup> by the things which he suffered; (3958)

<sup>9</sup> And being made perfect, <sup>(5048)</sup> <u>he became the author of eternal</u> <sup>(166)</sup> salvation <sup>(4991)</sup> unto all them that obey <sup>(5219)</sup> him;" (KJV)

**Obedience 5218** – ὑπακοή hupakoe, hoop-ak-o-ay'; from 5219; attentive hearkening, i.e. (by implication) compliance or submission: — (Translated in King James Version as) obedience, (make) obedient, obey(-ing).

**Obey 5219** – ὑπακούω hupakouo, *hoop-ak-oo'-o;* from 5259 and 191; to hear under (as a subordinate), i.e. to listen attentively; by implication, to heed or conform to a command or authority: — (Translated in King James Version as) hearken, be obedient to, obey.

**Perfect 5048** – τελειόω teleioo, *tel-i-o´-o;* from 5046; to complete, i.e. (literally) accomplish, or (figuratively) consummate (in character): — (Translated in King James Version as) consecrate, finish, fulfil, make) perfect.

Thayer's Greek Lexicon 5048 - to make perfect or complete;

1. to carry through completely; to accomplish, finish, bring to an end:, I finish complete, what was given me to do; I am perfected (understanding it of his death;

2. to complete (perfect), i.e. add what is yet lacking in order to render a thing full: my power shows itself most efficacious in them that are weak, 2 Cor. 12:9, by works faith was perfected, made such as it ought to be, James 2:22; one has been made perfect in love, his love lacks nothing, , that they may be perfected into one, i.e. perfectly united, to bring one's character to perfection

3. to bring to the end (goal) proposed: (to perfect or consummate) i.e. to raise to the state befitting him: so of God exalting Jesus to the state of heavenly majesty; to raise to the state of heavenly blessedness those who put their faith in the expiatory death of Christ; to make one, meet for future entrance on this state and give him a sure hope of it even here on earth.

4. to accomplish, i.e. bring to a close or fulfilment by event:

Consummate - to complete; to bring to perfection; bring to the highest degree

**Salvation 4991** – σωτηρία soteria, *so-tay-ree´-ah;* feminine of a derivative of 4990 as (properly, abstract) noun; rescue or safety (physically or morally): — (Translated in King James Version as) deliver, health, salvation, save, saving.

**4990** – σωτήρ soter, *so-tare';* from 4982; a deliverer, i.e. God or Christ: — (Translated in King James Version as) saviour.

**Suffered 3958** – πάσχω pascho, *pas´-kho*, including the forms πάθω patho, *path´-o*, and πένθω pentho, *pen´-tho*, used only in certain tenses for it; apparently a primary verb; to experience a sensation or impression (usually painful): — (Translated in King James Version as) feel, passion, suffer, vex.

#### Thayers 3958 -

- 1. in a bad sense, of misfortunes, to suffer, to undergo evils, to be
- 2. in a good sense, of pleasant experiences
- People always say, "no one is perfect." Yet Christ tells us to be perfect.
- So, how can the imperfect fulfill Christ's command?

Yeshua when praying to the Father said:

#### John 17:20-23

"Neither pray I for these alone, but for them also which shall **believe on me through** their word;

<sup>21</sup> That they all may be one; as thou, Father, *art* in me, and I in thee, <u>that they also</u> may be one in us: that the world may believe that thou hast sent me.

<sup>22</sup> And the glory which thou gavest me I have given them; **<u>that they may be one</u>**, **<u>even as we are one</u>**:

<sup>23</sup> <u>I in them, and thou in me, that they may be made perfect <sup>(5048)</sup> in one</u>; and that the world may know that thou hast sent me, and hast loved them, as thou hast loved me." (KJV)

• John 17:23 – Christ told us to:

#### John 15:4-10

"Abide  $^{(3306)}$  in  $^{(1722)}$  me, and I in  $^{(1722)}$  you. As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself, except  $^{(3362)}$  it abide  $^{(3306)}$  in  $^{(1722)}$  the vine; no more can ye, except  $^{(3362)}$  ye abide  $^{(3306)}$  in  $^{(1722)}$  me.

<sup>5</sup> I am the vine, ye *are* the branches: He that abideth <sup>(3306)</sup> in <sup>(1722)</sup> me, and I in <sup>(1722)</sup> him, the same bringeth forth much fruit: for without me ye can do nothing.

<sup>6</sup> If a man abide  $^{(3306)}$  not **in**  $^{(1722)}$  me, he is cast forth as a branch, and is withered; and men gather them, and cast *them* into the fire, and they are burned.

<sup>7</sup> If ye abide <sup>(3306)</sup> in <sup>(1722)</sup> me, and my words abide <sup>(3306)</sup> in <sup>(1722)</sup> you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you.

<sup>8</sup> Herein is my Father glorified, that ye bear much fruit; so shall ye be my disciples. (3101)

 $^{9}$  As the Father hath loved me, so have I loved you: continue ye in  $^{\left( 1722\right) }$  my love.

 $\frac{10}{10}$  If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide  $(^{3306)}$  in  $(^{1722)}$  my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and abide  $(^{3306)}$  in  $(^{1722)}$  his love." (KJV)

- John 15:5, 7, 10 If we truly abide in Christ:
  - 1. We will bring forth much fruit.
  - 2. The words of Christ will abide in us.
  - 3. We will keep His commandments.

In Christ, we will be made perfect because Christ is perfect.

<u>Abide/ Abideth</u> 3306 –  $\mu \acute{\epsilon} \nu \omega$  meno, *men'-o;* a primary verb; to stay (in a given place, state, relation or expectancy): — (Translated in King James Version as) abide, continue, dwell, endure, be present, remain, stand, tarry (for), x thine own.

Thayer's Greek Lexicon 3306 -

- to place; to sojourn, tarry: dwell at his own House; equivalent to tarry as a guest, lodge: in one's house,; of tarrying for a night,
- equivalent to to be kept, to remain;
- equivalent to not to depart, not to leave, to continue to be present,
- to maintain unbroken fellowship with one, adhere to his party;
- equivalent to *to persevere*; of him who cleaves, holds fast, to a thing: to keep oneself always worthy of his love, *to be held, or kept, continually*...
- to Time; to continue to be, i.e. not to perish, to last, to endure:
- to State or Condition; to remain as one is, not to become another or different:
- to wait for, await one

In 1722 –  $\dot{\epsilon}v$  en, *en*; a primary preposition denoting (fixed) position (in place, time or state), and (by implication) instrumentality (medially or constructively), i.e. a relation of rest (intermediate between 1519 and 1537); "in," at, (up-)on, by, etc.: — (Translated in King James Version as) about, after, against, + almost, x altogether, among, x as, at, before, between, (here-)by (+ all means), for (... sake of), + give self wholly to, (here-)in(-to, -wardly), x mightily, (because) of, (up-)on, (open-)ly, x outwardly, one, x quickly, x shortly, (speedi-)ly, x that, x there(-in, -on), through(-out), (un-)to(-ward), under, when, where(-with), while, with(-in). Often used in compounds, with substantially the same import; rarely with verbs of motion, and then not to indicate direction, except (elliptically) by a separate (and different) preposition.

John 15:10 – 1 John 2 tells us:

#### 1 John 2:3-6

"And hereby we do know that we know him, if we keep <sup>(5083)</sup> his commandments. <sup>(1785)</sup>

<sup>4</sup> He that saith, I know him, and keepeth <sup>(5083)</sup> not his commandments, <sup>(1785)</sup> is a liar, and the truth <sup>(225)</sup> is not in him.
<sup>5</sup> But whoso keepeth <sup>(5083)</sup> his word, <sup>(3056)</sup> in him verily <sup>(230)</sup> is the love of God perfected: <sup>(5048)</sup> hereby know we that we are in him.
<sup>6</sup> He that saith he abideth <sup>(3306)</sup> in him ought <sup>(3784)</sup> himself also so to walk. <sup>(4043)</sup> even as he walked." <sup>(4043)</sup> (KJV)

**Commandment 1785** – ἐντολή entole, *en-tol-ay';* from 1781; injunction, i.e. an authoritative prescription: — (Translated in King James Version as) commandment, precept.

**Keep, Keepeth 5083** –  $\tau \eta p \dot{\epsilon} \omega$  tereo, *tay-reh'-o;* from  $\tau \epsilon p \dot{o} \zeta$  teros (a watch; perhaps akin to 2334); to guard (from loss or injury, properly, by keeping the eye upon; and thus differing from 5442, which is properly to prevent escaping; and from 2892, which implies a fortress or full military lines of apparatus), i.e. to note (a prophecy; figuratively, to fulfil a command); by implication, to detain (in custody; figuratively, to maintain); by extension, to withhold (for personal ends; figuratively, to keep unmarried); by extension, to withhold (for personal ends; figuratively, to keep unmarried): — (Translated in King James Version as) hold fast, keep(- er), (pre-, re-)serve, watch.

**Ought 3784** – ἀφείλω opheilo, of-i'-lo, or (in certain tenses), its prolonged form ἀφειλέω opheileo, of-i-leh'-o; probably from the base of 3786 (through the idea of accruing); to owe (pecuniarily); figuratively, to be under obligation (ought, must, should); morally, to fail in duty: — (Translated in King James Version as) behove, be bound, (be) debt(-or), (be) due(-ty), be guilty (indebted), (must) need(-s), ought, owe, should.

Pecuniarily – consisting of, relating to, or measured in money

**Truth 225** – ἀλήθεια aletheia, *al-ay´-thi-a;* from 227; truth: — (Translated in King James Version as) true, x truly, truth, verity.

**227** – ἀληθής alethes, *al-ay-thace';* from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2990; true (as not concealing): — (Translated in King James Version as) true, truly, truth.

Walk, Walked 4043 –  $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota\pi\alpha\tau\omega$  peripateo, *per-ee-pat-eh'-o;* from 4012 and 3961; to tread all around, i.e. walk at large (especially as proof of ability); figuratively, to live, deport oneself, follow (as a companion or votary): — (Translated in King James Version as) go, be occupied with, walk (about).

So, even when we are hated and betrayed, Christ tells us to love, bless and "do good" to our enemies.

#### Matthew 5:43-48

"Ye have heard that it hath been said, Thou shalt love thy neighbour, and hate thine enemy.

<sup>44</sup> <u>But I say unto you, Love your enemies</u>, <sup>(2190)</sup> <u>bless</u> <sup>(2127)</sup> them that <u>curse</u> <sup>(2672)</sup> you, do good <sup>(2573)</sup> to them that <u>hate</u> <sup>(3404)</sup> you, and pray for them which <u>despitefully use</u> <sup>(1908)</sup> you, and <u>persecute</u> <sup>(1377)</sup> you;

<sup>45</sup> That ye may be <sup>(1096)</sup> the children of your Father which is in heaven: for he maketh his sun to rise on the evil and on the good, and sendeth rain on the just <sup>(1342)</sup> and on the unjust. <sup>(94)</sup>

<sup>46</sup> For if ye love them which love you, what reward  $^{(3408)}$  have ye? do not even the publicans  $^{(5057)}$  the same?

<sup>47</sup> And if ye salute your brethren only, what do ye more *than others*? do not even the publicans <sup>(5057)</sup> so?

<sup>48</sup> <u>Be ye therefore perfect</u>, <sup>(5046)</sup> even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect." <sup>(5046)</sup> (KJV)

The gospel of Luke goes even further.

## Luke 6:27-36

"But I say unto you which hear, Love your enemies, (2190) do good (2573) to them which hate (3404) you,

<sup>28</sup> Bless  $^{(2127)}$  them that curse  $^{(2672)}$  you, and pray  $^{(4336)}$  for them which despitefully use  $^{(1908)}$  you.

<sup>29</sup> And unto him that smiteth (5180) thee on the *one* cheek offer also the other; and him that taketh away thy cloke (2440) forbid not *to take thy* coat also.

<sup>30</sup> Give to every man that asketh of thee; and of him that taketh away thy goods ask *them* not again. (523)

 $\frac{^{31}}{^{10}}$  And as ye would that men should do to you, do ye also to them likewise.

 $^{32}$  For if ye love them which love you, what thank have ye? for sinners  $^{(268)}$  also love those that love them.

<sup>33</sup> And if ye do good to them which do good to you, what thank have ye? for sinners <sup>(268)</sup>also do even the same.

<sup>34</sup> And if ye lend *to them* of whom ye hope to receive, what thank have ye? for sinners <sup>(268)</sup>also lend to sinners, to receive as much again.

<sup>35</sup> But love ye your enemies, <sup>(2190)</sup> and do good, and lend, hoping for nothing again; and your reward <sup>(3408)</sup> shall be great, and ye shall be <u>the children of the Highest</u>: for he is kind unto the unthankful and *to* the evil. <sup>(4190)</sup>

 $^{36}$  Be ye therefore merciful,  $^{(3629)}$  as your Father also is merciful."  $^{(3629)}_{\rm (KJV)}$ 

• Luke 6:31 – Same as the "Golden Rule."

"Do unto others as you would have them do unto you."

**Be 1096** – γίνομαι ginomai, ghin´-om-ahee; a prolongation and middle voice form of a primary verb; to cause to be ("gen"-erate), i.e. (reflexively) to become (come into being), used with great latitude (literal, figurative, intensive, etc.): — (Translated in King James Version as) arise, be assembled, be(-come, -fall, -have self), be brought (to pass), (be) come (to pass), continue, be divided, draw, be ended, fall, be finished, follow, be found, be fulfilled, + God forbid, grow, happen, have, be kept, be made, be married, be ordained to be, partake, pass, be performed, be published, require, seem, be showed, x soon as it was, sound, be taken, be turned, use, wax, will, would, be wrought.

Bless 2127 – εὐλογέω eulogeo, yoo-log-eh'-o; from a compound of 2095 and 3056; to speak well of, i.e. (religiously) to bless (thank or invoke a benediction upon, prosper): — (Translated in King James Version as) bless, praise.

Despitefully Use 1908 – ἐπηρεάζω epereazo, ep-ay-reh-ad´-zo; from a comparative of 1909 and (probably) ἀρειά areia (threats); to insult, slander: — (Translated in King James Version as) use despitefully, falsely accuse.

**Evil 4190** – πονηρός poneros, *pon-ay-ros';* from a derivative of 4192; hurtful, i.e. evil (properly, in effect or influence, and thus differing from 2556, which refers rather to essential character, as well as from 4550, which indicates degeneracy from original virtue); figuratively, calamitous; also (passively) ill, i.e. diseased; but especially (morally) culpable, i.e. derelict, vicious, facinorous; neuter (singular) mischief, malice, or (plural) guilt; masculine (singular) the devil, or (plural) sinners: — (Translated in King James Version as) bad, evil, grievous, harm, lewd, malicious, wicked(-ness). Hate 3404 – μισέω miseo, mis-eh'-o; from a primary μισος misos (hatred); to detest (especially to persecute); by extension, to love less: – (Translated in King James Version as) hate(-ful).

**Just 1342** –  $\delta$ ik $\alpha$ io $\zeta$  dikaios, dik'-ah-yos; from 1349; equitable (in character or act); by implication, innocent, holy (absolutely or relatively): — (Translated in King James Version as) just, meet, right(-eous).

#### Thayer's Greek Lexicon 1342 -

 observant of righteous, observing divine and human laws; one who is such as he ought to be;

Equitable - characterized by fairness or impartiality; just; reasonable

**Merciful 3629** – οἰκτίρμων oiktirmon, oyk-tir´-mone; from 3627; compassionate: — (Translated in King James Version as) merciful, of tender mercy.

**3627**– οἰκτείρω oikteiro, oyk-ti´-ro also (in certain tenses) prolonged; οἰκτερέω oiktereo, oyk-ter-eh´-o; from οἰκτος oiktos (pity); to exercise pity: — (Translated in King James Version as) have compassion on.

Pity - to feel pity or compassion for; commiserate with; sorrow evoked by the suffering, distress, or misfortune of another

**Persecute 1377** – διώκω dioko, *dee-o´-ko;* a prolonged (and causative) form of a primary verb δίω dio (to flee; compare the base of 1169 and 1249); to pursue (literally or figuratively); by implication, to persecute: — (Translated in King James Version as) ensue, follow (after), given to, (suffer) persecute(-ion), press forward.

**Reward 3408** –  $\mu \sigma \theta \delta \varsigma$  misthos, *mis-thos'*; apparently a primary word; pay for service (literally or figuratively), good or bad: — (Translated in King James Version as) hire, reward, wages.

**Unjust 94** – ἄδικος adikos, *ad´-ee-kos;* from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1349; unjust; by extension wicked; by implication, treacherous; specially, heathen: — (Translated in King James Version as) unjust, unrighteous.

#### Hebrews 6:1-3

"Therefore leaving the principles <sup>(746)</sup> of the doctrine <sup>(3056)</sup> of Christ, <sup>(5547)</sup> **let us go on unto perfection;** <sup>(5047)</sup> not laying again the foundation <sup>(2310)</sup> of repentance <sup>(3341)</sup> from dead works, <sup>(2041)</sup> and of faith <sup>(4102)</sup> toward God,

<sup>2</sup> Of the doctrine  $\frac{(1322)}{1}$  of baptisms,  $\frac{(909)}{9}$  and of laying on  $\frac{(1936)}{9}$  of hands, and of resurrection  $^{(386)}$  of the dead, and of eternal  $\frac{(166)}{1}$  judgment.  $\frac{(2917)}{1}$ 

<sup>3</sup> And this will we do, if God permit." (KJV)

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**Faith 4102** –  $\pi$ ( $\sigma$ **t**( $\sigma$ **pistis**, *pis*'-*tis*; from 3982; persuasion, i.e. credence; moral conviction (of religious truth, or the truthfulness of God or a religious teacher), especially reliance upon Christ for salvation; abstractly, constancy in such profession; by extension, the system of religious (Gospel) truth itself: – (Translated in King James Version as) assurance, belief, believe, faith, fidelity.

**3982** – πείθω peitho, pi'-tho; a primary verb; to convince (by argument, true or false); by analogy, to pacify or conciliate (by other fair means); reflexively or passively, to assent (to evidence or authority), to rely (by inward certainty): — (Translated in King James Version as) agree, assure, believe, have confidence, be (wax) conflent, make friend, obey, persuade, trust, yield.

#### Thayer's Greek Lexicon 4102 -

- 1. conviction of the truth of anything;
  - a. when it relates to God, *pistis* is the conviction that God exists and is the creator and ruler of all things, the provider and bestower of eternal salvation through Christ,
  - b. in reference to Christ, it denotes a strong and welcome conviction or belief that Jesus is the Messiah, through whom we obtain eternal salvation in the kingdom of God, faith in God of which Jesus Christ is the author.
  - c. universally, the religious belief of Christians; in the sense of a mere acknowledgment of divine things and of the claims of Christianity, the substance of Christian faith or what is believed by Christians: with the predominant idea of trust (or confidence) whether in God or in Christ, springing from faith in the same: to trust in God, to be healed, awakened through him, of trust in the promises of God, faith which relies on God who grants the forgiveness of sins to the penitent
- 2. *fidelity, faithfulness,* i.e. *the character of one who can be relied on*: of one who keeps his promises:

**Perfection 5047** – τελειότης teleiotes, *tel-i-ot'-ace;* from 5046; (the state) completeness (mentally or morally): — (Translated in King James Version as) perfection(-ness).

**5046** – τέλειος teleios, *tel'-i-os;* from 5056; complete (in various applications of labor, growth, mental and moral character, etc.); neuter (as noun, with 3588) completeness: — (Translated in King James Version as) of full age, man, perfect.

**Principles 746** – ἀρχή arche, *ar-khay';* from 756; (properly abstract) a commencement, or (concretely) chief (in various applications of order, time, place, or rank): — (Translated in King James Version as) beginning, corner, (at the, the) first (estate), magistrate, power, principality, principle, rule.

**756** – ἄρχομαι archomai, ar'-khom-ahee; middle voice of 757 (through the implication, of precedence); to commence (in order of time): — (Translated in King James Version as) (rehearse from the) begin(-ning).

**Repentance 3341** – μετάνοια metanoia, *met-an'-oy-ah;* from 3340; (subjectively) compunction (for guilt, including reformation); by implication, reversal (of (another's) decision): — (Translated in King James Version as) repentance.

**Resurrection 386** – ἀνάστασις anastasis, *an-as´-tas-is;* from 450; a standing up again, i.e. (literally) a resurrection from death (individual, genitive case or by implication, (its author)), or (figuratively) a (moral) recovery (of spiritual truth): — (Translated in King James Version as) raised to life again, resurrection, rise from the dead, that should rise, rising again.

**Works 2041** – ἕργον ergon, er'-gon; from a primary (but obsolete) ἕργω ergo (to work); toil (as an effort or occupation); by implication, an act: — (Translated in King James Version as) deed, doing, labour, work.

Finally, the Apostle Peter said to:

# 1 Peter 5:8-10

"Be sober, <sup>(3525)</sup> be vigilant; <sup>(1127)</sup> because your adversary <sup>(476)</sup> the devil, <sup>(1228)</sup> as a roaring lion, walketh about, seeking <sup>(2212)</sup> whom he may devour: <sup>(2666)</sup>

<sup>9</sup> Whom resist <sup>(436)</sup> stedfast <sup>(4731)</sup> in the faith, <sup>(4102)</sup> knowing that the same afflictions <sup>(3804)</sup> are accomplished <sup>(2005)</sup> in your brethren that are in the world.

<sup>10</sup> But the God of all grace, <sup>(5485)</sup> who hath called us unto his eternal <sup>(166)</sup> glory by Christ <sup>(5547)</sup> Jesus, after that ye have suffered <sup>(3958)</sup> a while, make you perfect, <sup>(2675)</sup> stablish, <sup>(4741)</sup> strengthen, <sup>(4599)</sup> settle <sup>(2311)</sup> you." (KJV)

**Accomplished 2005** – ἐπιτελέω epiteleo, *ep-ee-tel-eh'-o;* from 1909 and 5055; to fulfill further (or completely), i.e. execute; by implication, to terminate, undergo: — (Translated in King James Version as) accomplish, do, finish, (make) (perfect), perform(x -ance).

Adversary 476 – ἀντίδικος antidikos, an-tid´-ee-kos; from 473 and 1349; an opponent (in a lawsuit); specially, Satan (as the arch-enemy): — (Translated in King James Version as) adversary.

**Afflictions 3804** –  $\pi \dot{\alpha} \theta \eta \mu \alpha$  **pathema**, *path'-ay-mah*; from a presumed derivative of 3806; something undergone, i.e. hardship or pain; subjectively, an emotion or influence: — (Translated in King James Version as) affection, affliction, motion, suffering.

**Devil 1228** – διάβολος diabolos, *dee-ab'-ol-os;* from 1225; a traducer; specially, Satan (compare H7854): — (Translated in King James Version as) false accuser, devil, slanderer.

Traducer –one who makes false or malicious statements to disgrace or humiliate others; a slanderer

**Perfect 2675** – καταρτίζω katartizo, *kat-ar-tid´-zo;* from 2596 and a derivative of 739; to complete thoroughly, i.e. repair (literally or figuratively) or adjust: — (Translated in King James Version as) fit, frame, mend, (make) perfect(-ly join together), prepare, restore.

**Resist 436** – ἀνθίστημι anthistemi, anth-is'-tay-mee; from 473 and 2476; to stand against, i.e. oppose: — (Translated in King James Version as) resist, withstand.

**Seeking 2212** – ζητέω zeteo, *dzay-teh'-o;* of uncertain affinity; to seek (literally or figuratively); specially, (by Hebraism) to worship (God), or (in a bad sense) to plot (against life): — (Translated in King James Version as) be (go) about, desire, endeavour, enquire (for), require, (x will) seek (after, for, means).

**Settle 2311** – θεμελιόω themelioo, them-el-ee-o´-o; from 2310; to lay a basis for, i.e. (literally) erect, or (figuratively) consolidate: — (Translated in King James Version as) (lay the) found(- ation), ground, settle.

Consolidate – to join or bring together; unite, combine, merge

**Sober 3525** – **νήφω nepho**, *nay'-fo;* of uncertain affinity: to abstain from wine (keep sober), i.e. (figuratively) be discreet: — (Translated in King James Version as) be sober, watch.

**Stablish 4741** –  $\sigma\tau\eta\rho i\zeta\omega$  sterizo, *stay-rid´-zo;* from a presumed derivative of 2476 (like 4731); to set fast, i.e. (literally) to turn resolutely in a certain direction, or (figuratively) to confirm: — (Translated in King James Version as) fix, (e-)stablish, stedfastly set, strengthen.

**Stedfast 4731** – στερεός stereos, *ster-eh-os';* from 2476; stiff, i.e. solid, stable (literally or figuratively): – (Translated in King James Version as) stedfast, strong, sure.

**2476** – ἴστημι histemi, his´-tay-mee; a prolonged form of a primary στάω stao (of the same meaning, and used for it in certain tenses); to stand (transitively or intransitively), used in various applications (literally or figuratively): — (Translated in King James Version as) abide, appoint, bring, continue, covenant, establish, hold up, lay, present, set (up), stanch, stand (by, forth, still, up).

**Strengthen 4599** –  $\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\delta\omega$  sthenoo, *sthen-o'-o;* from  $\sigma\theta\epsilon\nuo\varsigma$  sthenos (bodily vigor; probably akin to the base of 2476); to strengthen, i.e. (figuratively) confirm (in spiritual knowledge and power): — (Translated in King James Version as) strengthen.

**Vigilant 1127** – **γρηγορεύω gregoreuo**, *gray-gor-yoo´-o;* from 1453; to keep awake, i.e. watch (literally or figuratively): — (Translated in King James Version as) be vigilant, wake, (be) watch(-ful).

# **END OF PART 2**

## Additional List of Words from Strong's Exhaustive Concordance of the Bible

### A

Again <u>523</u> – ἀπαιτέω apaiteo, *ap-ah´-ee-teh-o;* from 575 and 154; to demand back: — (Translated in King James Version as) ask again, require.

#### B

 Baptisms <u>909</u> – βαπτισμός baptismos, *bap-tis-mos'*; from 907; ablution (ceremonial or Christian): – (Translated in King James Version as) baptism, washing.

**907** – βαπτίζω baptizo, *bap-tid'-zo;* from a derivative of 911; to immerse, submerge; to make whelmed (i.e. fully wet); used only (in the New Testament) of ceremonial ablution, especially (technically) of the ordinance of Christian baptism: — (Translated in King James Version as) Baptist, baptize, wash.

Ablution - a cleansing with water or other liquid. Associated with religious ritual, washing of the hands, body, etc.

Before <u>6440</u> – שַׁנָּהָ paniym, paw-neem'; plural (but always as singular) of an unused noun (*muse paw-neh*; from 6437); the face (as the part that turns); used in a great variety of applications (literally and figuratively); also (with prepositional prefix) as a preposition (before, etc.):— (Translated in King James Version as) + accept, a-(be-)fore(-time), against, anger, x as (long as), at, + battle, + because (of), + beseech, countenance, edge, + employ, endure, + enquire, face, favour, fear of, for, forefront(-part), form(-er time, -ward), from, front, heaviness, x him(-self), + honourable, + impudent, + in, it, look(-eth) (-s), x me, + meet, x more than, mouth, of, off, (of) old (time), x on, open, + out of, over against, the partial, person, + please, presence, propect, was purposed, by reason of, + regard, right forth, + serve, x shewbread, sight, state, straight, + street, x thee, x them(-selves), through (+ -out), till, time(-s) past, (un)to(-ward), + upon, upside (+ down), with(-in, + -stand), x ye, x you.

### С

- Cloke <u>2440</u> μάτιον himation, him-at'-ee-on; neuter of a presumed derivative of ἕννυμι ennumi (to put on); a dress (inner or outer): (Translated in King James Version as) apparel, cloke, clothes, garment, raiment, robe, vesture.
- Curse <u>2672</u> καταράομαι kataraomai, kat-ar-ah'-om-ahee; middle voice from 2671; to execrate; by analogy, to doom: (Translated in King James Version as) curse.

**2671** – κατάρα katara, *kat-ar´-ah;* from 2596 (intensive) and 685; imprecation, execration: — (Translated in King James Version as) curse(-d, ing).

Curse – words, a wish, charm, formula, etc. intended to cause misfortune, evil, doom to others

Execrate – to totally hate; detest, denounce, abhor, to curse

Imprecation - a curse; invoking evil

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### D

- Destroy <u>4229</u> πặặ machah, maw-khaw'; a primitive root; properly, to stroke or rub; by implication, to erase; also to smooth (as if with oil), i.e. grease or make fat; also to touch, i.e. reach to:— (Translated in King James Version as) abolish, blot out, destroy, full of marrow, put out, reach unto, x utterly, wipe (away, out).
- Devour <u>2666</u> καταπίνω katapino, *kat-ap-ee´-no;* from 2596 and 4095; to drink down, i.e. gulp entire (literally or figuratively): (Translated in King James Version as) devour, drown, swallow (up).
- Disciples <u>3101</u> μαθητής mathetes, math-ay-tes'; from 3129; a learner, i.e. pupil: (Translated in King James Version as) disciple.
- Doctrine <u>1322</u> διδαχή didache, did-akh-ay'; from 1321; instruction (the act or the matter): (Translated in King James Version as) doctrine, hath been taught.

**1321** – διδάσκω didasko, did-as'-ko; a prolonged (causative) form of a primary verb δάω dao (to learn); to teach (in the same broad application): — (Translated in King James Version as) teach.

- Doctrine <u>3056</u> λόγος logos, log'-os; from 3004; something said (including the thought); by implication, a topic (subject of discourse), also reasoning (the mental faculty) or motive; by extension, a computation; specially, (with the article in John) the Divine Expression (i.e. Christ): (Translated in King James Version as) account, cause, communication, x concerning, doctrine, fame, x have to do, intent, matter, mouth, preaching, question, reason, + reckon, remove, say(-ing), shew, x speaker, speech, talk, thing, + none of these things move me, tidings, treatise, utterance, word, work.
- Do, Doeth <u>6213</u> עָשָׁה 'asah, *aw-saw'*; a primitive root; to do or make, in the broadest sense and widest application (as follows): (Translated in King James Version as) accomplish, advance, appoint, apt, be at, become, bear, bestow, bring forth, bruise, be busy, x certainly, have the charge of, commit, deal (with), deck, + displease, do, (ready) dress(-ed), (put in) execute(-ion), exercise, fashion, + feast, (fight-)ing man, + finish, fit, fly, follow, fulfill, furnish, gather, get, go about, govern, grant, great, + hinder, hold ((a feast)), x indeed, + be industrious, + journey, keep, labour, maintain, make, be meet, observe, be occupied, offer, + officer, pare, bring (come) to pass, perform, pracise, prepare, procure, provide, put, requite, x sacrifice, serve, set, shew, x sin, spend, x surely, take, x thoroughly, trim, x very, + vex, be (warr-)ior, work(-man), yield, use.

#### E

- Endureth, Enduring <u>5975</u> עָמָד 'amad, aw-mad'; a primitive root; to stand, in various relations (literal and figurative, intransitive and transitive):— (Translated in King James Version as) abide (behind), appoint, arise, cease, confirm, continue, dwell, be employed, endure, establish, leave, make, ordain, be (over), place, (be) present (self), raise up, remain, repair, + serve, set (forth, over, -tle, up), (make to, make to be at a, with-)stand (by, fast, firm, still, up), (be at a) stay (up), tarry.
- Enemies <u>2190</u> ἐχθρός echthros, ech-thros'; from a primary ἕχθω echtho (to hate); hateful (passively, odious, or actively, hostile); usually as a noun, an adversary (especially Satan): (Translated in King James Version as) enemy, foe.

- Eternal <u>166</u> αἰώνιος aionios, ahee-o'-nee-os; from 165; perpetual (also used of past time, or past and future as well): (Translated in King James Version as) eternal, for ever, everlasting, world (began).
- Except <u>3362</u> ἐἀν μή ean me, eh-an' may; i.e. 1437 and 3361; if not, i.e. unless: (Translated in King James Version as) x before, but, except, if, no, (if, + whosoever) not.

#### F

Foundation <u>2310</u> – θεμέλιος themelios, them-el'-ee-os; from a derivative of 5087; something put down, i.e. a substruction (of a building, etc.), (literally or figuratively): — (Translated in King James Version as) foundation.

## G

- God <u>410</u> אָל el, ale; shortened from 352; strength; as adjective, mighty; especially the Almighty (but used also of any deity):— (Translated in King James Version as) God (god), x goodly, x great, idol, might(-y one), power, strong. Compare names in "-el."
- Good <u>2573</u> καλῶς kalos, kal-oce'; adverb from 2570; well (usually morally): (Translated in King James Version as) (in a) good (place), honestly, + recover, (full) well.
- Grace <u>5485</u> χάρις charis, *khar´-ece;* from 5463; graciousness (as gratifying), of manner or act (abstract or concrete; literal, figurative or spiritual; especially the divine influence upon the heart, and its reflection in the life; including gratitude): (Translated in King James Version as) acceptable, benefit, favour, gift, grace(- ious), joy, liberality, pleasure, thank(-s, -worthy).
- Greatness <u>1433</u> גֹדָל godel, go'-del; from 1431; magnitude (literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) greatness, stout(-ness).

#### Η

Hated <u>8130</u> – אָנא sane', saw-nay'; a primitive root; to hate (personally):— (Translated in King James Version as) enemy, foe, (be) hate(-ful, -r), odious, x utterly.

## J

Judgment <u>2917</u> – κρίμα krima, kree'-mah; from 2919; a decision (the function or the effect, for or against ("crime")): — (Translated in King James Version as) avenge, condemned, condemnation, damnation, + go to law, judgment.

#### L

- Land <u>776</u> Υָגֶץ 'erets, eh'-rets; from an unused root probably meaning to be firm; the earth (at large, or partitively a land):— (Translated in King James Version as) x common, country, earth, field, ground, land, x natins, way, + wilderness, world.
- Law <u>8451</u> תֹרָה torah, to-raw'; from 3384; a precept or statute, especially the Decalogue or Pentateuch: (Translated in King James Version as) law.
- Laying on <u>1936</u> ἐπίθεσις epithesis, ep-ith´-es-is; from 2007; an imposition (of hands officially): (Translated in King James Version as) laying (putting) on.

#### Thayer's Greek Lexicon 1936 -

a laying on, imposition: was a sacred rite transmitted by the Jews to the Christians, and employed in praying for another, or in conferring upon him divine blessings, especially bodily health, or the Holy Spirit (at the administration of baptism and the inauguration to their office of the teachers and ministers of the church.:

Imposition - the ceremonial laying on of hands, as in confirmation or consecration; the laying on of

#### Ν

Neighbour <u>7453</u> – רַע rea', ray'-ah; or רַע reya', ray'-ah; from 7462; an associate (more or less close):— (Translated in King James Version as) brother, companion, fellow, friend, husband, lover, neighbour, x (an-)other.reya2

#### Ρ

Pray <u>4336</u> – προσεύχομαι proseuchomai, pros-yoo'-khom-ahee; from 4314 and 2172; to pray to God, i.e. supplicate, worship: — (Translated in King James Version as) pray (x earnestly, for), make prayer.

Supplicate – to pray humbly; appeal, entreat, petition

Worship – to render religious reverence and homage to God; adoration, devotion

Publicans <u>5057</u> – τελώνης telones, *tel-o'-nace;* from 5056 and 5608; a tax-farmer, i.e. collector of public revenue: — (Translated in King James Version as) publican.

#### R

Right(eous) 3477 – אוֹט yashar, yaw-shawr'; from 3474; straight (literally or figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) convenient, equity, Jasher, just, meet(-est), + pleased well right(-eous), straight, (most) upright(-ly, -ness).

**3474** – אָשָׁר yashar, yaw-shar'; a primitive root; to be straight or even; figuratively, to be (causatively, to make) right, pleasant, prosperous: — (Translated in King James Version as) direct, fit, seem good

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(meet), + please (will), be (esteem, go) right (on), bring (look, make, take the) straight (way), be upright(-ly).

Rock(s) <u>6697</u> – אוז tsuwr, tsoor; or און tsur, tsoor; from 6696; properly, a cliff (or sharp rock, as compressed); generally, a rock or boulder; figuratively, a refuge; also an edge (as precipitous):— (Translated in King James Version as) edge, x (mighty) God (one), rock, x sharp, stone, x strength, x strong.

### S

- Save <u>1107</u> <u>ק</u>עָ<u>ד</u>י bil'adey, bil-ad-ay'; or בָּלְעָ<u>ד</u>י balmadey, bal-ad-ay'; constructive plural from 1077 and 5703, not till, i.e. (as preposition or adverb) except, without, besides: (Translated in King James Version as) beside, not (in), save, without.
- Save <u>2108</u> זוּלָה zuwlah, zoo-law'; from 2107; probably scattering, i.e. removal; used adverbially, except: (Translated in King James Version as) beside, but, only, save.
- Serve <u>8334</u> שָׁרַת sharath, shaw-rath'; a primitive root; to attend as a menial or worshipper; figuratively, to contribute to: (Translated in King James Version as) minister (unto), (do) serve(-ant, ice, -itor), wait on.
- Sinners <u>268</u> ἀμαρτωλός hamartolos, ham-ar-to-los'; from 264; sinful, i.e. a sinner: (Translated in King James Version as) sinful, sinner.

**264** – ἀμαρτάνω hamartano, ham-ar-tan'-o; perhaps from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 3313; properly, to miss the mark (and so not share in the prize), i.e. (figuratively) to err, especially (morally) to sin: — (Translated in King James Version as) for your faults, offend, sin, trespass.

Sinful – guilty of, or full of sin; wicked

Sinner – a person who sins; lawbreaker, offender

Smite(th) <u>5180</u> – τύπτω tupto, toop'-to; a primary verb (in a strengthened form); to "thump", i.e. cudgel or pummel (properly, with a stick or bastinado), but in any case by repeated blows; thus differing from 3817 and 3960, which denote a (usually single) blow with the hand or any instrument, or 4141 with the fist (or a hammer), or 4474 with the palm; as well as from 5177, an accidental collision); by implication, to punish; figuratively, to offend (the conscience): — (Translated in King James Version as) beat, smite, strike, wound.

Bastinado - punishment consisting of blows or beating with a stick on the soles of the feet or on the buttocks.

Cudgel - a short heavy stick used as a weapon; club.

Statutes <u>2708</u> – <u>חָקָה</u> chuqqah, khook-kaw'; feminine of 2706, and meaning substantially the same: (Translated in King James Version as) appointed, custom, manner, ordinance, site, statute.

**2706** – **קי choq**, *khoke*; from 2710; an enactment; hence, an appointment (of time, space, quantity, labor or usage): – (Translated in King James Version as) appointed, bound, commandment, convenient, custom, decree(-d), due, law, measure, x necessary, ordinance(-nary), portion, set time, statute, task.

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Sweareth <u>7650</u> – שָׁבַע shaba', shaw-bah'; a primitive root; propr. to be complete, but used only as a denominative from 7651; to seven oneself, i.e. swear (as if by repeating a declaration seven times):— (Translated in King James Version as) adjure, charge (by an oath, with an oath), feed to the full (by mistake for 7646), take an oath, x straitly, (cause to, make to) swear.

### V

Verily <u>230</u> – ἀληθῶς alethos, al-ay-thoce'; adverb from 227; truly: — (Translated in King James Version as) indeed, surely, of a surety, truly, of a (in) truth, verily, very.

**Thayer's Greek Lexicon 230** – truly, of a truth, in reality; most certainly:

### W

- Walk(ed) <u>1980</u> <u>1977</u> halak, haw-lak'; akin to 3212; a primitive root; to walk (in a great variety of applications, literally and figuratively):— (Translated in King James Version as) (all) along, apace, behave (self), come, (on) continually, be conversant, depart, + be eased, enter, exercise (self), + follow, forth, forward, get, go (about, abroad, along, away, forward, on, out, up and down), + greater, grow, be wont to haunt, lead, march, x more and more, move (self), needs, on, pass (away), be at the point, quite, run (along), + send, speedily, spread, still, surely, + tale-bearer, + travel(-ler), walk (abroad, on, to and fro, up and down, to places), wander, wax, (way-)faring man, x be weak, whirl.
- Word <u>3056</u> λόγος logos, *log'-os*; from 3004; something said (including the thought); by implication, a topic (subject of discourse), also reasoning (the mental faculty) or motive; by extension, a computation; specially, (with the article in John) the Divine Expression (i.e. Christ): (Translated in King James Version as) account, cause, communication, x concerning, doctrine, fame, x have to do, intent, matter, mouth, preaching, question, reason, + reckon, remove, say(-ing), shew, x speaker, speech, talk, thing, + none of these things move me, tidings, treatise, utterance, word, work.
- Work <u>6467</u> פֿעַל poʻal, poʻ-al; from 6466; an act or work (concretely):— (Translated in King James Version as) act, deed, do, getting, maker, work.

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